

# The Owatonna Plaindealer.

L. H. KELLY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

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## The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

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## Business Directory.

A. A. HARWOOD, Attorney at Law, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-34

J. E. SEABERG, Attorney at Law, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-34

A. J. KIRK, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agents, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-29

W. R. KIRK, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agents, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-29

J. L. KELLOGG, Dentist, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-16

Frank Curtis & Co., Dealers in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. 2-34

J. M. Williams, Dentist, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-16

D. S. Harshbarger, Dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Office on Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-16

Joos & Bell, Dealers in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, Also Fancy and Assorted Candies, Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. 2-34

Hastings & Twiss, Good Horses and Carriages constantly on hand, to let on reasonable terms and ready pay, Livestock Stable west of Stage Barn. 2-16

Marble Factory, CARPENTER, Front in Head Stones, Monuments, &c., Main St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-34

America Hotel, J. B. CORRY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. 2-34

James Lonergan, MANUFACTURER of Boots and Shoes, on the most improved styles. All work warranted to fit and made of the best material. Shop on Main Street, at the Feed Store. 2-34

C. C. Cornell, MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Stage Bridge, Owatonna, Minn. 2-16

Carpenter & Smith, NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, Fairbault, on Main Street opposite the National House. 2-16

L. L. Bennett, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, Office at Barr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day. 2-34

John Stevens, PHOTOGRAPHER and Portrait Painter, on either paper or canvas, life size, and warranted perfect. Rooms head of Broadway, Rochester, Minnesota. 2-34

C. C. Hazzard, PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake, Minn. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-16

D. P. Smith, PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main Street, Fairbault, Minnesota. 2-34

G. W. Yearly, PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel," Wasieles, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the "Wasieles Hotel." 2-34

L. H. Kelly, PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAIN-DEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

## Business Directory.

J. H. Easton, PHOTOGRAPHER, Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. 2-27-16

J. B. Hooker, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections, &c. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 2-27-16

I. O. O. F., STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening, Lodge Room, over the People's Store, Entrance, rear of building. 2-27-16

E. K. Smith, N. G. A. C. Hickman Sec. I. Bixby, V. G. D. B. Marble, Treas. Degree of Rebekah Meeting every first Friday in the month. 2-27-16

Masonic, TYRAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Fairbault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month. Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. 2-27-16

J. H. Hinch, WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRER, Jeweler, &c., at Walworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with dispatch, and warranted to perform. 2-27-16

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE CRACKER MANUFACTORY, Crackers by the Barrel or Box. 2-27-16

LARGE CRACKERS: BOSTON, SODA. 2-27-16

ROUND CRACKERS: BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR. 2-27-16

PICNICS: BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR. 2-27-16

Wholesale Prices: Flour, Boston, Soda, and Butter, 8 1/2 Sugar, 14 Cream, 18 2-27-16

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the 2-27-16

ROCHESTER BAKERY, - ON THIRD STREET. 2-27-16

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter. 2-27-16

THOMAS TAIT, 2-27-16

JEWELRY! JEWELRY! Barr & McClure 2-27-16

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:— 2-27-16

WATCHES 2-27-16

Of all kinds, both GOLD and SILVER, with all the modern improvements. 2-27-16

CLOCKS 2-27-16

Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the Seth Thomas Clocks, Excelled by none. 2-27-16

JEWELRY 2-27-16

Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORANTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETS, &c., &c. 2-27-16

SILVER & PLATED WARE, CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c. 2-27-16

SPECTACLES, The best assortment in the country. 2-27-16

Musical Instruments, GUITARS, BANJOS, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, CLARINETTS, PICKETLOES, FLUTES, PIPES, DRUMS, &c., &c. 2-27-16

Cutlery, A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery. 2-27-16

Willow Ware, TRAVELING MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS, CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES. 2-27-16

BIRD CAGES 2-27-16

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions, In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the 2-27-16

NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c. 2-27-16

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted. 2-27-16

227 Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods. 2-27-16

Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch. 2-27-16

WATSON & ST. PETER R. R. ON and after SATURDAY, December 24th, 1864, PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows:— 2-27-16

Daily: Leave Winona at 5:00 P. M., arriving at Rochester at 6:30 P. M. 2-27-16

Leave Rochester at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Winona at 9:30 A. M. 2-27-16

Slower connect at Rochester for Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, and all other points in Southern Minnesota, and for Cannon Falls and St. Paul. 2-27-16

JOHN NEWELL, Superintendent. 2-27-16

## Mr. Nasby Relates Why He Joined the Democracy.

Written for the Cincinnati Commercial. SAINT'S REST, (which is in the state of N. J. August 29, 1865.)

I was born a Whig. My parents were a member of that party, and she alluz did the voim, allowin my father, uv course, to go thro the manual labor uv castin the ballot, in deference to the laws uv the country, wich does not permit females or niggers to vote, no matter how much intellect they may have in2 em.

In all probability I should have cast my lot with that party had not an incident occur'd, in my boyhood days, which satisfied me that the Democracy wuz my appropriate and natural abiding place. It wuz in this wise:

In a playful mood, wun nite, I bustid open a grocery, and appropriatly, ez a jest, what loose change ther wuz in the drawer, (alors! in these degenerate days uv paper currency, the enterprisin thief lez to steel at 40 per cent discount,) and sich other notions ez struck my boyish fancy. I indooast a nigger boy somewhat younger than myself, to aid me, and when we had bagged the game, I, feelin in my pride, ez wun hevvin the proud Anglo-Saxon blood a cousin tomuchleusly thro his vances, what Chief Justice Tawny hez since made law, to wit: that the nigger hez no rites wich the white man is bound to respect, whaled him till he reined the entire proceeds uv the spekulashen to me. The degraded wretch, devoid uv every principle uv honor, or blowed on me, and we wuz both arrested.

The Justice of the Peace wuz a Whig! and after a hurried egzamination, he sentent me! wun uv his own race? on uv his own blood! I ur his own parentage! to imprisonment for thirty days! on bread and water, and the nigger only ten, on the ground that I was the chief offender!

My mother begged and prayed with tears streamin down her venerable cheeks (astor that she could wipe em up with her gingum apers, that the arrangement might be reversed—the nigger the 30 and I the ten, but no! Cold ez a stun, inflexible ez iron, bludlis as a turnip, I wuz inkarsented and stayed my time.

Suddenly I emerged from them wall, on the evening uv the 30th day, a changed individool. Liftin my hands 2 heaven, I vowed 3 vows, to wit:

1. That I woud devote my life to the work uv redooisin the African to his natural speer.

2. That I woud adopt a perfeshun in2 which I cood steel without bein hauld up for it.

3. That the water I hed consumed while in doornance vile, wuz the last that woud ever find its way, "undilooted" in2 my stumick.

Hentz, I joined the Democracy, and who ever egzaminies my record, will find that I hev kept my oaths!

PETROLEUM V. NASBY. Lait Pastor uv the Church uv the Noo Dispensashun

THE NEW AMERICAN PRESIDENT.—OPINION OF AN ENGLISHMAN.—Photographs of Mr. Johnson, the new President of the Union, have reached London. They show a strongly-built man, with a square head, overhanging brows, full lips, tiger jaw, and firm, full cheeks. A strong man evidently, but not, we should say, a genial one, a man not to be opposed, but also not much to be loved, certainly not one to be guided by any external force whatever. Every incident recorded of him deepens our conviction that in him we have an American Jacobin, a man who will crush anything, as he told a Pennsylvania deputation, that resists the State, and will sometimes be apt to believe, 'Eilat est moi.—London Spectator.

[Well, "we reckon" he'll prove just about such a kind of man as one would naturally take him to be. If the Englishman treats him kindly, minds his own business, and does not meddle with the new President, we may promise that the new President will not meddle with him. But, "hands off!" and "look out!" ]

—Prenological Journal.

Mr. Hazy calls upon the cows to blow their horns. He blows his own horn, and we suppose he thinks that if a calf can blow one, a full grown cow ought to be able to blow two.—Prentice.

## A BRACE OF STAMMERERS.

Stephen C— was a jovial soul, and hesitated not to play a trick on any one. Among his acquaintance was a young lady and a young man, both of whom stammered very busily. They were not acquainted with each other.

Bob F—, the young man alluded to, was quite sensitive; and to think that any one was making fun of his defect, made him frequently fly into a passion. It was Stephen's fortune to meet both of them at a party, and he soon determined on a joke.

"Miss Sue," said he, approaching his lady friend, "may I have the pleasure of introducing you to one of my acquaintances, a worth young gentleman?"

"Cer-cer-cer-cer-cer, sir." Away he started for Bob F—.

"Bob, old fellow, here is a nice girl I want to introduce you to. Come on."

"Does she stam-tam-talk?"

"Yes—like blazes."

So off they started, and soon approached the seat of the lady. Stephen introduced them, and immediately drew to one side that he might see how they would manage each other, when his ears were greeted with the following conversation:

"How are you enjoy-joy-joying yourself th-th this evening, marm?"

"Th-th-thank you, pleasantly. But it is ra-ra-a-rather warm."

Bob's brow contracted; but he restrained his feelings, and continued:

"I pre-pr-pr-presume you are acquainted with most of those pr-pr-pr-presents."

"Ye-ye-ye-ye-s, sir; with all, I be-be-be-believe," said she, smiling.

But that smile ruined her forever in Bob's estimation; for hastily rising, he exclaimed:

"By th-th-thunder! ma-a-dam, if that is the w-w-way you make f-f-fellow's infir-fir-firmities, you may go to gr-gr-grass!"

Stephen laughed immoderately all the time, and was subsequently called to account for the trick; but his good nature drove away all bad feelings.

THE BEST WAY.

When the honeymoon passes away, setting behind dull mountains, or dipping silently into the stormy sea of life, the trying hour of married life has come. Between the parties there are no more illusions. The feverish desire of possession has gone, and all excitement receded. Then begins, or should, the business of adaptation. If they find that they do not love one another as they thought they did, they should double their assiduous attentions to one another, and be jealous of everything which tends in the slightest way to separate them.—Life is too precious to be thrown away in secret regrets or open differences. And let me say to everyone to whom the romance of life has fled, and who are discontented in the slightest degree with their conditions and relations, begin this reconciliation at once.

Renew the attentions of earlier days. Draw your hearts close together. Talk the thing all over. Acknowledge your faults to one another, and determine that henceforth you will be all in all to each other; and my, word for it, you shall find in your relation the sweetest joy earth has for you. There is no other way for you to do. If you are happy at home you must be happy abroad; the man or woman who has settled down upon the conviction that he or she is attached for life to an uncongenial yoke fellow, and that there is no way of escape, has lost life; there is no effort to cooly to make which can restore to its setting upon the bosom the missing pearl.

MARRIAGE NOTICES.—A Western paper gives the following notice: "All notices of marriage, where no bridecake is sent, will be set up in small type, and poked into some outlandish corner of the papers. Where a handsome piece of cake is sent, it will be put conspicuously in large letters; when gloves or other bride favors are added, a piece of illustrative poetry will be given in addition. When, however, the editor attends the ceremony in propria persona, and kisses the bride, it will have especial notice—very large type, and the most appropriate poetry that can be begged, borrowed, stolen, or coined from the brain editorial."

## THE BAFFLED LAWYER.

At a late sitting of the Cork Assizes, a case was brought before the court, in which the principal witness for the defence was a tanner, well known in the surrounding country by the sobriquet of "Crazy Pat."

Upon Crazy Pat being called for his evidence, the attorney for the prosecution exerted to the utmost extent his knowledge of legal chicanery, in the endeavor to force the witness into some inconsistency, upon which he might build a point; but he was excessively annoyed to find that Crazy Pat's evidence was consistent throughout.

Perceiving that acute questioning failed to answer his purpose, the disciple of Coke and Blackstone betook himself to that oftentimes successful resource of lawyers—ridicule.

"What did you say your name was?" he inquired, flippantly.

"Folks call me Crazy Pat, but—"

"Crazy Pat, eh? A very euphonious title; quite romantic, eh?"

"Romantic or not, sur, it wudn't be a bad idea if the Parliament wud give it to yourself, an' leave me to chuse another."

This caused a slight laugh in the court-room, and the presiding judge peeped over his spectacles at the attorney, as much as to say, "You have your match now."

"And what did you say your trade was?" continued the disconcerted barrister, with an angry look at the witness.

"I'm a tanner, sur."

"A tanner, eh? And how long do you think it would take to tan an ox hide?"

"Well, sur, that's entirely owin' to circumstances."

"Did you ever tan the hide of an ass?"

"An ass? No, sur; but if you'll just step down the lane, after the court, I'll show ye I could tan the hide of an ass in the shortest end of three minutes."

COURTING IN RIGHT STYLE.—"Git eaut, you nasty puppy—let me alone or I'll tell my ma!" cried out Sally — to her lover, Jake —, who sat about ten feet from her, pulling dirt from the chimney jam.

"I aren't techin on you, Sal," said Jake.

"Well, perhaps you don't mean to nuther, do yer?"

"No, I don't."

"Cause you're too tanel scary, you long-legged, lantern-jawed, slab-sided, pig-on-toed, gangle-kneed owl—you haven't got a tanel bit of sense; git along home with you."

"Now, Sal, I love you, and can't help it, and if you don't let me count you, my daddy'll sue you'n for that cow he sold him t'other day. By jingo, he said he'd do it."

"Wall, look here, Jake—if you want to court me, you'd better do it as a white man does that thing, and not set off there asif you thought I was pisen."

"How on airth is that, Sal?"

"Why, side right up here, and hug and kiss me as if you had some bone and sinner of a man about you. Do you s'pose a w-m-an's only to look at, you fool you? No, they are made for practical results, as Kossuth says—to hug and kiss and such like."

"Well," said Jake, drawing a long breath, "if I must I must, for I do love Sal—" And so Jake commenced sliding up to her, like a maple poker going to battle. Laying his arm gently upon Sal's shoulder, we thought we heard Sal say—

"That's the way to do it, old hoss!—that's acting like a white man or ter."

"Oh, Jerusalem and pancakes!" cried Jake; "if this aint better'n any apple sass main ever made, darnd sight. Buckwheat cakes, slap-jacks and lasses aint no where along side of you, Sal! Oh, how I love you."

Here their lips met, and the report that followed was like pulling a horse's foot out of the mire. We left.

"Want to see Grant mighty bad, do you?" said a blue-coated veteran to the people crowding aboard the cars the other morning, on their way to get a quint at our famous general. "W-a-l-l, why in thunder didn't you come down to the front, when he wanted to see you, hey?"

## COMICAL.

—In the village of K., West Virginia, lives an old man known as Uncle Paul, noted for his eccentricities and fondness for natural history. Quite a crowd had collected at the post office, waiting anxiously for the war news. Uncle Paul entertained the crowd by telling the old cat story, how they fought till nothing was left of them but the tips of their tails, &c. A rough looking specimen of humanity from the country seemed to drink in every word the old man said about the cats. To be even with him he remarked, "Why Uncle Paul, that's a pretty good story, but it's nothing to what I saw yesterday. I was coming down the mountain, and saw near a little brook, a water snake trying to swallow a toad." "All right nothing strange about that," replied Uncle Paul. "Just read Natural History, and it will tell you that water snakes live on toads." "Yes, maybe it will," said the countryman; "but you see, the snake when I first saw it, had the toad's hind legs in it's mouth and the toad squirmed around till it got the snake's tail in its mouth, and in less than a minute they swallowed each other, and you couldn't see a sign of either of them." All enjoyed the joke, except Uncle Paul, who left for home saying it was a lie, and that there was nothing like it in Natural History.

GOOD REASON FOR MOVING.—An honest Hibernian trundling along a handcart containing all his valuables, was accosted with:

"Well, Patrick you are moving again, I see?"

"Faith, I am," he replied, "for the times are so hard, it's a dale cheaper hiring handcarfts than paying rents!"

RED HARR.—If a red haired man falls in love with a girl who dislikes hair of that color, he will very likely dye before he gets married.

JOKE ON A MINISTER.

A young fellow was taking a sleigh-ride with a pretty girl, when he met a Methodist minister, who was somewhat celebrated for tying the matrimonial knot at short notice. He stopped him, and asked, hurriedly—

"Can you tie a knot for me?"

"Yes," said Brother B—, "I guess so; when do you want it done?"

"Well, right away," was the reply; "is it lawful, though, here in the highway?" asked the wag.

"Oh, yes; this is as good a place as any—as safe as the church itself."

"Well, then, I want a knot tied in my horse's tail, to keep it out of the snow!" shouted the wicked wag, as he drove rapidly away, fearing lest the minister, in his profane wrath, should fall from grace.

A FORT.—A foot traveler, whose feet were of prodigious size, on stopping at a country tavern for lodging, asked the landlord for a boot-jack wherewith to remove his muddy boots. After surveying his foot with much deliberation, the landlord declared that there was no boot-jack on the premises that would be half big enough for him.

"Perhaps you've got a forked stick or somethin', then," suggested the traveler.

"No—there's nothing that would answer," replied the landlord.

"What's a feller to do, then?" despondingly asked the traveler.

"I'll tell you," answered the landlord, brightening up with a new idea, just go back and pull 'em off with the fork of the road."

CHANCE FOR A SPINSTER.—A young man in Aroostook County, Maine, advertising for a wife, speaks of himself as follows: "I am eighteen years old, have a good set of teeth, and believe in Andy Johnson, the star sparkled banner, and the 4th of July. I have taken up a State lot, cleared up eighteen acres last year, and seeded ten of it down. My buckwheat looks first-rate, and the oats and potatoes are bully. I have got nine sheep, a two-year-old bull, and two heifers, besides a house and a barn. I want to get married. I want to buy bread-and-butter, hoop-skirts, and waterfalls for some person of the female persuasion during life. That's what's the matter with me. But I don't know how to do it."



## The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Official Paper of the County.  
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1893.  
UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

### County Ticket.

For Representative,  
J. H. CROOKER.  
For County Treasurer,  
R. F. MURPHY.  
For Clerk of the Court,  
A. M. KINYON.  
For Sheriff,  
WILLARD WHEATON.

### COPPERHEAD SOMERSAULT.

Soldiers, is it not really strange and confounding to see with what great regard you are now held by the Copperheads of the country? Only a few short months ago they held the Union army in perfect contempt, and when you were fighting the cause of our country, nothing was bad enough for them to say, and they looked upon you with as much scorn as they did the slaves of the South, and with the same hatred that they are now manifesting towards the colored people of our nation. Whenever they learned that you had been defeated on the field of battle, with great slaughter, they would assemble in some secret and secure spot, and hold, for hours, a bacchanalian revel, that so many of your comrades had been slain.

Throughout the late rebellion, they opposed, with the same malignant tenacity, to extend to you the right of suffrage, as they do now the colored people of the country. Never, through all your four years' trial, did they afford you one word of comfort or bestow one farthing to alleviate your sufferings, when confined in hospitals from wounds received or diseases contracted. So far as they dared, they prevented others from going to aid you in your glorious work of putting down the rebellion. They scoffed at the idea that the slaveholding gentry could ever be made to submit to the Yankees of the North, while, at the same time, their money was freely given, through the Knights of the Golden Circle, to buy arms and ammunition to take the lives of Union soldiers. All the entreaties and promises of loyal men to unite with them in the common cause of overthrowing the rebellion, only increased their ire, as those who had volunteered in the Union service, and nothing but the strong arm of the Government could hold them back from committing outrages of the most ruthless character on the soldiers of the army; and thousands of patriotic soldiers have fallen to rise no more, through the disloyalty of Northern Copperheads.

Now that the rebels have been made to surrender, the war brought to a close, and our soldiers returning to their homes crowned with victory, the Copperheads, like the meanest of scoundrels, are making great demonstrations of love and friendship to them on their return, and are ready to lick their spittle, as they did, in the days of yore, the slaveholders of the South. Their pretended fondness of the soldier is sickening in the extreme to every common observer. All their former hatred is now turned to love and fond affection. Almost in the twinkling of an eye they have been changed, politically, and now they have recently discovered that the soldiers are numerous in every State, and are able to wield a powerful political influence, and they wish to make them their friends, that they may gain political power "once more before they die." Power being the only desire of their pusillanimous souls, they stand ready to say or do anything, that they may accomplish the great object of their heart. And now they are hoping to divide the Union men of the country on the negro question, and if possible draw a portion of the soldiers into their ranks, thereby securing the election of some of their candidates, in certain localities at least.

Soldiers, will you be wheedled by such vile seducers? Do you not know full well that, during the long four years of the war, they have been your inveterate enemies? and do you not know that all their pretended friendship is only for some selfish purpose? Will you forsake your old tried friends, and affiliate with a party that has done all in her power to destroy you? You can never unite with them without striking hands with Southern rebels, for they are one and the same thing, inseparable.

Consider well, then, before you take the leap, and plunge yourself into the vortex of ruin. You have faced your political enemies on many a well-contested spot, and they have been vanquished by you, are now endeavoring to do, by stealth, what they could not do by open resistance.

The Union party have ever loved and cherished the principles you have so nobly defended, and will never cease to

cherish the memory of the departed, and honor the living for their patriotic devotion to their country's cause. Can you, then, on your arrival at your homes from the field of carnage, allow the Copperheads of our land to wind their fatal coil around you, and be subjugated at last, through their wicked devices and craftiness? Be not deceived by their blarney and flattery. Let nothing separate us from those great and immutable principles which have caused such heart-rending sacrifices to maintain them. Shall our sacred institutions be preserved from generation to generation, and the whole world be blessed with the principles of universal liberty?

### Candidate for Representative.

Editor Plaindealer:—DEAR SIR:—By your permission, I wish to say to the citizens of Steele County that, having been solicited by a number of Union men from nearly every township in this County to become a candidate for the office of Representative from this District, and being fully satisfied that the nomination of J. B. Crooker, by the so-called Copperhead Convention, was not a fair and honorable expression of the Union Republican party, I am willing to become a candidate for the office, if the voters will express their wishes for me to do so, through a fair and honorable representative Convention, or in a respectable Mass Convention, held at Owatonna soon. And if elected will try to serve and promote the interest, not of a few special friends or cliques, or of any particular locality, but of the entire District, according to the best of my ability.

Owatonna, Sept. 7, 1893.

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Rumors have been afloat for several days that the Third Minnesota was about to be discharged from the service, but the first authoritative statement came in the following telegram which was received yesterday:

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 2, 1893. Governor of Minnesota, St. Paul, Minn. The Minnesota Infantry, numbering twenty-seven commissioned officers, and four hundred and fifteen (415) enlisted men, having mustered out, are to-day placed en route for Fort Snelling, Minnesota, for final payment.

### J. J. REYNOLDS,

Major General, Commanding.

It is estimated that the journey will occupy ten days or two weeks, so that they will not probably arrive until next week.

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### Internal Revenue Notice.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, FIRST DISTRICT MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 2, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the annual list of taxes assessed in accordance with the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt, approved July 1st, 1892, and the subsequent acts and amendments thereto, has been returned to me by the Assessor of the District, and that said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereof is hereby demanded, and that I will attend either in person or by deputy, at the office of W. B. KINYON, the Deputy Collector for the Eighth Division of the First Collection District of the State of Minnesota, in Owatonna, in the County of Steele, from the 20th to the 30th day of September, 1893, inclusive. A personal notice by mail, demanding payment within ten days from its receipt, will be mailed to the address of each person on the list, who shall only be liable to pay the sum so demanded within ten days from said 30th day of September, for which a fee of twenty cents will be added. And all persons who shall neglect to pay the sum so demanded within the time specified in such special notice, will be liable to pay TEN PER CENTUM additional, and a fee of twenty cents for the service of the notice.

JOHN N. HALL, Collector First District, Minn.

### New Advertisements.

LIST OF LETTERS, remaining unclaimed for, in the Post-Office, at Owatonna, Sept. 1, 1893.  
Acker Clara  
Andrews Thomas  
Barger Henry  
Boswell N. L.  
Batchelder O. E.  
Dodge Samuel  
Lampson Miss Carrie  
Persons calling for the above letters, please say "advertisers."  
T. E. HUGHES, P. M.

### ORTON BROTHERS'

GREAT AMERICAN CIRCUS

IS COMING,  
Enlarged and greatly improved for the year 1893, with an entirely new outfit, brilliant Troupes, and an unequalled Company of

### STAR PERFORMERS,

and Beautiful Horse, will perform at

OWATONNA, SEPTEMBER 16, 1893.

A Grand Mid-day Performance commencing at 2 o'clock, and in the Evening at 7 o'clock.  
Observe the Star Talent, Five Lady Equestrians, Mrs. Miles Orton, Mrs. H. Orton, Misses Irene C. Orton, and Little Jessie, Mr. Miles Orton, Mr. Dean Orton, Mr. Lester, Mr. Andrew Gaffney.  
Mons. Paul, James Marks, William Hogan, Master R. Z. Young Leon and the People's favorite, Clara and Court Jester, Dr. James A. Gilkinson, and the funniest man alive, Billy Andrews, the Irish Clown in addition to the Grand Equestrian Troupe, acrobats and games of curriculum will be given.

A BRILLIANT PANTOMIME,  
Entitled the World of Magic or Horse on the Brain.  
Admission, - - - 50 cents.  
Children under ten, - - - 25 cents.  
The entire performance will be accompanied with a splendid Brass Band, led by Mr. Philip Mannel.

JOHN N. SEELY, Agent.

### NEW BAKERY!!

CHARLES GREINER

WOULD announce to the citizens of Owatonna, that he has opened a

### BAKERY & EATING-HOUSE

ON MAIN STREET,

In the building formerly occupied by

WM. HAMBURG,

Where he will keep constantly on hand and for sale the best quality of

Bread,

Pies, Cakes,

Rusk,

Candies

Crackers,

Ripe Fruit,

&c. &c.

All orders for parties

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Please call and examine my varieties.

Owatonna, Sept. 7, 1893. v3n20m3

### SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

In pursuance of law, J. Charles McElrath, Commissioner of the State Land Office of the State of Minnesota, do hereby declare and make known that a public sale of School Lands will be held in the undermentioned county at the time and place hereinafter designated, to wit:

STEELE COUNTY.

AT OWATONNA, THURSDAY, NOV. 2, 1893.

The following described tracts or parcels of land viz:

OAK GLEN—TOWN 105, RANGE 19.

Parts of Sec.

16 Prairie, 5.00

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### THE R. R. IS COMING!

The Iron Horse is on His Way!

AND

Frank Curtis & Co.

Have just come in ahead of the cars, and issued their

PROCLAMATION,

Granting an Amnesty to all the citizens of Steele County, who buy their goods at

Our Store,

And restore them to the bosom of our beloved country.

For the information of all, we announce to the people of this section that we are just receiving a

LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries,

Bought at

Panic Prices,

And for cash, consequently we

CAN AND WILL

Sell lower than

ANY OTHER



## The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Official Paper of the County.  
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1865.

### UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

#### County Ticket.

For Representative,  
J. B. CROOKER.  
For County Treasurer,  
B. F. MELVIN.  
For Clerk of the Court,  
A. M. KINYON.  
For Sheriff,  
WILLARD WHEATON.

#### COPPERHEAD SOMERSAULT.

Soldiers, is it not really strange and confounding to see with what great regard you are now held by the Copperheads of the country? Only a few short months ago they held the Union army in perfect contempt, and when you were fighting the cause of our country, nothing was bad enough for them to say, and they looked upon you with as much scorn as they did the slaves of the South, and with the same hatred that they are now manifesting towards the colored people of our nation. Whenever they learned that you had been defeated on the field of battle, with great slaughter, they would assemble in some secret and secure spot, and hold, for hours, a bacchanalian revel, that so many of your comrades had been slain.

Throughout the late rebellion, they opposed, with the same malignant tenacity, to extend to you the right of suffrage, as they do now the colored people of the country. Never, through all your four-year's trial, did they afford you one word of comfort or bestow one farthing to alleviate your sufferings, when confined in hospitals from wounds received or diseases contracted. So far as they dare, they prevented others from going to aid you in your glorious work of putting down the rebellion. They scoffed at the idea that the slaveholding gentry could ever be made to submit to the Yankees of the North, while, at the same time, their money was freely given, through the Knights of the Golden Circle, to buy arms and munitions to take the lives of Union soldiers. All the entreaties and persuasions of loyal men to unite with them in the common cause of overthrowing the rebellion, only increased their ire, and those who had volunteered in the Union service, and nothing but the strong arm of the Government could hold them back from committing outrages of the most ruthless character on the soldiers of our army; and thousands of patriotic soldiers have fallen to rise no more, through the disloyalty of Northern Copperheads.

Now that the rebels have been made to surrender, the war brought to a close, and our soldiers returning to their homes crowned with victory, the Copperheads, like the meanest of sycophants, are making great demonstrations of love and friendship to them on their return, and are ready to lick their spittle, as they did, in the days of yore, the slaveholders of the South. Their pretended fondness of the soldier is sickening in the extreme to every common observer. All their former hatred is now turned to love and fond affection. Almost in the twinkling of an eye they have been changed, politically, and now they have recently discovered that the soldiers are numerous in every State, and are able to wield a powerful political influence, and they wish to make them their friends, that they may gain political power "once more before they die." Power being the only desire of their pusillanimous souls, they stand ready to say or do anything, that they may accomplish the great object of their heart. And now they are hoping to divide the Union men of the country on the negro question, and if possible draw a portion of the soldiers into their ranks, thereby securing the election of some of their candidates, in certain localities at least.

Soldiers, will you be wheedled by such vile seducers? Do you not know full well that, during the long four years of the war, they have been your inveterate enemies? and do you not know that all their pretended friendship is only for some selfish purpose? Will you forsake your old tried friends, and affiliate with a party that has done all in her power to destroy you? You can never unite with them without striking hands with Southern rebels, for they are one and the same thing, inseparable.

Consider well, then, before you take the fatal leap, and plunge yourself into the vortex of ruin. You have faced your enemies on many a well-contested field, and they having been vanquished by you, are now endeavoring to do, by cunning, what they could not do by open resistance.

The Union party have ever loved and cherished the principles you have so nobly defended, and will never cease to

cherish the memory of the departed, and honor the living for their patriotic devotion to their country's cause. Can you, then, on your arrival at your homes from the field of carnage, allow the Copperheads of our land to wind their fatal coil around you, and be subjugated at last, through their wicked devices and craftiness? Do not be deceived by their blarney and flattery. Let nothing separate us from those great and immutable principles which have caused such heart-rending sacrifices to maintain them. Shall our sacred institutions be preserved from generation to generation, and the whole world be blessed with the principles of universal liberty?

#### Candidate for Representative.

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Major General, Commanding.

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JOHN N. HALL,  
Collector First District, Minn.

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Andrew Thomas McVahen Jno  
Barger Henry Migen Peter  
Boswell N. L. Nesbit J. R.  
Boswell O. E. Russell Jno W.  
Dodge Samuel Smith and S.  
Lampson Miss Carrie Silvers Prof.  
Persons calling for the above letters, please say "advertised."  
T. E. HUGHES, P. M.

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Noma, Paul, James, Marks, William Higon, Master R. Z. Young Leon and the People's favorite Clown and Court Jester, Dr. James A. Gilman, and the famous mess of Billy Andrews, the Irish Clown in addition to the Grand Equestrian Performances and games of curiosity will be given.  
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Ripe Fruit,

&c. &c.

All orders for parties

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Please call and examine my varieties.

Owatonna, Sept. 7, 1865. v3a20m3

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OAK GLEN—TOWN 105, RANGE 10.

Acres. Value of

Parts of Sec. 10, 16, 30, 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 68, 72, 76, 80, 84, 88, 92, 96, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140, 144, 148, 152, 156, 160, 164, 168, 172, 176, 180, 184, 188, 192, 196, 200, 204, 208, 212, 216, 220, 224, 228, 232, 236, 240, 244, 248, 252, 256, 260, 264, 268, 272, 276, 280, 284, 288, 292, 296, 300, 304, 308, 312, 316, 320, 324, 328, 332, 336, 340, 344, 348, 352, 356, 360, 364, 368, 372, 376, 380, 384, 388, 392, 396, 400, 404, 408, 412, 416, 420, 424, 428, 432, 436, 440, 444, 448, 452, 456, 460, 464, 468, 472, 476, 480, 484, 488, 492, 496, 500, 504, 508, 512, 516, 520, 524, 528, 532, 536, 540, 544, 548, 552, 556, 560, 564, 568, 572, 576, 580, 584, 588, 592, 596, 600, 604, 608, 612, 616, 620, 624, 628, 632, 636, 640, 644, 648, 652, 656, 660, 664, 668, 672, 676, 680, 684, 688, 692, 696, 700, 704, 708, 712, 716, 720, 724, 728, 732, 736, 740, 744, 748, 752, 756, 760, 764, 768, 772, 776, 780, 784, 788, 792, 796, 800, 804, 808, 812, 816, 820, 824, 828, 832, 836, 840, 844, 848, 852, 856, 860, 864, 868, 872, 876, 880, 884, 888, 892, 896, 900, 904, 908, 912, 916, 920, 924, 928, 932, 936, 940, 944, 948, 952, 956, 960, 964, 968, 972, 976, 980, 984, 988, 992, 996, 1000.

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C. H. POSEY, Secy.



## Domestic Miscellany.

### TRAINING TOMATOES.

From the Sat. Eve. Post.

There is just as much in the training of a tomato-vine as there is in training juvenile humanity. If you intend to make exemplary men and women out of small boys and girls, you must begin early and train judiciously. So if you expect to get the earliest, fairest, best-flavored tomatoes your vines are capable of producing, you must begin early and train correctly.

Tomatoes—Ah! I should be pleased to learn why a great many otherwise well-bred people will persist in calling them "tommatoes," and "tummattuses," and "toe-martys." Now, if to-mato does not spell tomato, in the name of nonsense what does it spell? Just as much sense in saying *potato* or *pultatus*, or *pot-turters*, for potatoes. Well, as I was going to say, if I had not run off the track, tomatoes should have their training commenced early, and continued attentively during the season, if the best results are to be looked for.

The labor is not tedious, however, or continuous. I am going to give my practice for last year and the year before, and for several years past—the one I am going to follow this season, and as I have always found it satisfactory, I have an idea that every one else will, who can be induced to adopt the plan.

When the plant is a foot in height, it begins to look for support. Then I procure plastering lathes four feet long (round sticks or split ones answer just as well,) and drive, say six of them a few inches into the ground, in a circle a trifle larger than the circumference of a nail keg. Then I take the hoops from the old nail kegs that are always knocking about in the way, and gathering in the stakes at the top, pass the hoops—three of them down over the circle, tying the lower one to each stake a foot from the ground. The second hoop goes a foot higher, and the third one another foot, and all tied like the lower one. Thus I have a firm, stout cage for each plant, that with proper care will last four seasons.

Whenever the vine has set its stand for fruit, before it blossoms, I snip off with my scissors the shoots that project beyond the flower sets.

This practice is continued at intervals throughout the season. As soon as the fruit has begun fairly to make, and are the size of large peas, i. e., the earliest of them, I begin to apply the scissors freely to the foliage—cutting away the leaves so as to expose the fruit fully to the sun.

Ladies that are not afraid or ashamed to work, and kitchen and tinkering things in the kitchen-garden occasionally, please try my training on a plant or two sometimes. I am sure you will be pleased with the result.

### FALL-FEEDING BREEDING EWES.

The ewes on weaning their lambs should be put on short, dry pasturage, until their milk dries off, and then on feed which will rapidly restore their flesh. They do not as much as lambs demand shelter and extra feed before winter, but there is no doubt that they amply pay for it in condition, especially as they are getting old and beginning to lose their strength. Strong middle aged sheep, however, demand no other extra feed than hay or corn stalks until winter sets in. "Sheep well summered are half wintered." To let them become thin before winter, renders it difficult and still far more expensive to winter them safely and well; they are not as likely to take the ram, and their product of wool is diminished. And if quite thin there is an absolute peril of their lives if the winter is an unfavorable one, however well they may be taken care of. The danger is the greatest to the quite young and old sheep. These sometimes will not improve, but begin to run at the nose and eyes, gradually lose their appetite, grow weaker and weaker, in some cases exhibiting constipation, and in others obstinate diarrhoea, and miserably. When they commence going in this way, medicine, feed and care are almost thrown away upon them.

—Randall.

### THE TOAD

The toad is the most abused of reptiles, and yet nothing is more undeserving of such abuse. It lives on all manner of insects. At night it comes out of its hiding place and goes in search of food. It seizes its prey with an astonishing quickness of tongue. So quick is the motion, it is absolutely invisible. This fact makes up for its otherwise slow movements.

The toad is truly harmless, inoffensive—children may be permitted to play with it, and will become enamoured of their attention. True it has a homely, even repulsive look, but then its eye is all the brighter for it. May it never be trod upon, but multiply and replenish the night. Instruct the children to spare it, for it troubles no one, and only when night hides its ugliness, does it come forth. In the spring its trill is among the sweetest of childhood sounds.—*Columbian Rural World.*

## DRUG & BOOK STORE!

At the sign of the

Golden Mortar,

Is the place to get great bargains in the line of

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, DYE

STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES, VARNISHES,

Yankee Notions,

PATENT MEDICINES, of all kinds,

KEROSENE OIL & LAMPS,

(in large quantities.)

SLATES & PENCILS,

COPY & BLANK BOOKS,

DIARIES FOR 1895, &c.

Physicians & Druggists

From the country, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to duplicate any bills, of the States.

Limited Eastern Markets.

All Medicine, Domestic Wines, and Liquors,

Warranted Pure & Genuine.

Remember the place: STONE STORE,

GOLDEN MORTAR, Broadway,

WOODWARD & ELLIS,

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1895.

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## NEW STORE.

W. L. Gaylord

Has recently opened a

DRY GOODS

AND

VARIETY STORE,

ON

BROADWAY, OWATONNA,

Where may be found as rich a variety of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

AND

TRIMMINGS,

SHAWLS, MANTILLAS,

&c., as can be had in

SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

Also,

A LARGE STOCK

OF

Mens' and Boys'

BOOTS & SHOES,

And any quantity of

LADIES' GAITERS,

SHOES, SLIPPERS, &c., &c

Also,

A SUPERIOR STOCK

OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

OF ALL SIZES,

A GENERAL STOCK

OF

HARDWARE,

All of which we propose to sell at as low figures as

can be had in the State.

Without Exception.

We shall be happy to exhibit our stock of goods

to all who may favor us with a call.

PRODUCE TAKEN

AT THE

MARKET PRICE

IN

EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

Owatonna, Jan. 19, 1895.

CASH HARDWARE STORE!

AT ROCHESTER,

Wholesale & Retail.

A. Ozmun & Son,

at the sign of the

BIG PADLOCK,

Keep constantly on hand a large and well selected

stock of

Shelf & Heavy Hardware,

Consisting in part of

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, STOVES & TIN

WARE, AXES, SHOVELS & SPADES,

CHAINS, THIMBLE SKELINS, SAD

IRONS, SPRINGS & AXLES, FILES

& RASPS, SCYTHES & SNATHS,

STRAP & T. HINGES, HOPE

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

LOCKS & LATCHES,

BUTTS AND SCREWS,

WHIPS & LASHES,

BRUSHES, all kinds of

PAINTS, and all other

HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,

INGREDIENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

AND BLOSSBURG COAL.

In short, we intend to keep everything usually

kept in a First-Class Establishment.

We buy for CASH and sell for CASH.

Have but ONE PRICE, and that always

low as the very lowest. We are Agents for

Fairbank's Scales,

And sell them at Chicago Prices. Also Agents for

the celebrated

"PEACEMAKER" COOK STOVE,

The best in use. Manufacturers of all kinds of

Tin, Copper & sheet Iron Ware.

Thankful for the liberal patronage of the past

we hope, by fair and honorable dealing, to merit a

share for the future.

Remember the place—Sign of the Padlock

A. OZMUN & SON.

Rochester, Minn., June 1, 1895.

THE CHICAGO REPUBLICAN,

Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.

OFFICE, No. 93 WASHINGTON STREET.

CHAS. A. DANA, Editor in Chief.

A. W. MACK, Publisher.

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FARM FOR SALE.

80 ACRES in the N. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4 of Section 13,

situated in the town of Deerfield, with some

improvements. To be sold cheap. For further

particulars apply to

ARTHUR McELLEY,

Deerfield, June 15, 1895.

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# The Owatonna Plaindealer.

L. H. KELLY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME 3.

OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1865.

NUMBER 21.

## The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna, Steele County, Minnesota.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, east of Barber's Exchange.

TERMS—\$2.00 per annum, invariably in advance.

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One full column, one year, 4.00	Business cards of five lines, or less, one year, 5.00
Legal notices will be inserted 12 cts. a line for the first insertion, and 37 1/2 cts. a line for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before advertisement is given.	Advertisements not accompanied by written directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

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J. B. SEARLES, S. B. VAN HORNEN, Searles & Van Hosen, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Will give prompt attention to all professional business, make collections, pay taxes, collect pensions, back pay and bounties, buy and sell land on commission and Notarial Public. Office on Bridge Street, 7, 1 room over Excelsior Drug Store, Owatonna, Minnesota. v2n26f

J. A. ALLEN, A. C. HICKMAN, Aikin & Hickman, ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Particular attention given to payment of taxes for non-residents. Office over Excelsior Drug Store, Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2n29

W. R. Kinyon, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW in all the Courts of this State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes, Procures Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c., Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d floor from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14th, 1865. v1n3

DENTIST has opened an office over People's Clothing Store, on Bridge street, where she is prepared to do all kinds of Dentistry, with latest improvements, including vulcanite base for artificial teeth. Special attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth. ALL WORK WARRANTED. v3n16

Frank Curtis & Co., DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v3n1f

J. M. Williams, DENTIST. I have worked at Dentistry twenty-one years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed. Please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n10

D. S. Harsh, DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals. Patent medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Joos & Bell, DEALERS in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Assorted Cakes, Cream Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins, &c. v1-n3 Cash paid for Hides.

Hastings & Twiss, GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand. To let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Livestock Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-1y.

Marble Factory, CARPENTER, Dealer in Head Stones, Monuments, &c., Main St., Rochester, Min. 3-4

American Hotel, J. B. CORY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has put up the old stand of the American Hotel, and has all the conveniences for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n5f

James Loneragan, MANUFACTURER of Boots and Shoes, on the most improved styles. All work warranted to fit and made of the best material. Shop on Main Street, at the Feed Store. v3n1

C. C. Cornell, MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Min. n12

Carpenter & Smith, NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloths, Casimires, and Vestings. Paribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. 1y.

L. L. Bennett, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Barr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

John Stevens, PHOTOGRAPHER and Portrait Painter, on either paper or canvas, life size, and warranted perfect. Rooms head of Broadway, Rochester, Minnesota. v3n1f

C. C. Hazzard, PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-4f

D. P. Smith, PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main Street, Fairbault, Minnesota. v1n22

G. W. Yearly, PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel" at Waseja, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Waseja Hotel." v2n52

L. H. Kelly, PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAIN-DEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blankets, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

## Business Directory.

J. H. Easton, PHOTOGRAPHER. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27f

J. B. Hooker, REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. 237 Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 3-2

I. O. O. F., STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening, Lodge Room, over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building. E. K. Smith, N. G.; A. C. Hickman Sec. L. Bixby, V. G.; D. B. Marble, Treas. J. Newall, D. C.; D. G. M. C. Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic, TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Fairbault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month. C. N. DANIELS, H. P. Z. S. Wilson, Secretary. v2n39f

J. Hough, WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRER, Jeweler, &c., at All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform.

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE CRACKER-MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS: BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS: BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR.

PICNICS: BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices: Flour, Boston, Soda, and Butter, - 5 1/2 Sugar, - 14 Cream, - 18

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY, ON THIRD STREET.

ALL kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

THOMAS TAIT, JEWELRY! JEWELRY! Burr & McClure

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:—

WATCHES Of all kinds, both GOLD AND SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the Seth Thomas Clocks, Excelled by none.

JEWELRY Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORENTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE, CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

SPECTACLES, The best assortment in the country.

Musical Instruments, GUITARS, BANJOES, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, CLARINETTS, PICKERES, FLUTES, PIPES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Cutlery. A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Willow Ware. TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS, CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

BIRD CAGES Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions, In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted. 237 Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods. Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch. Owatonna, May 18, 1865. Burr & McClure. v3n1f

WINONA & ST. PETER R. R. On and after SATURDAY, December 24th, 1864, PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows:—

Leave Winona at 5:00 P. M., arriving at Rochester at 9:30 P. M. Leave Rochester at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Winona at 9:30 A. M. Stages connect at Rochester for Owatonna, Manly, St. Peter, and all other points in Southern Minnesota, and for Cannon Falls and St. Paul. JOHN NEWELL, Superintendent.

## THE MAIDEN'S DREAM.

BY PAUL POMEROY.

In the holy calm of a sunset hour, In the light of its lingering beams, As they covered her form with a mantle of gold, Sat a maiden wrapped in dreams.

And the deepening glow of the moistened cheek, And the tender light of her eye, Whispers the theme of the maiden's dream, As she watches the tinted sky.

It is said that angels hover near, And whisper in love the while, In a tone unheard by the mother's ear, Till the sleeping babe will smile.

And then that the mother, wrapped in dreams, Smiles, too, that her cherub boy Carries the cheek of the angel bright, And softly the sighs in her joy.

And maiden, thy dreams, Are they longing complainings Of a sad, weary heart seeking after its rest, And the fancy's will roving.

In dim lands of shadows, The flight of a spirit forlorn and unblest? Are the bright golden bars, Reaching up to the heavens, Far off in the gathering gloom of the sky, But the portals of unopened, And unopened ever.

To the land of thy dreams, where thy spirit would fly?

Nay, sweet is the charm Of the song in the soul, Which the fond mother sings to the babe on her breast.

Is the vision of years That in brightness appears To the eye of the maiden far off in the west.

Oh, sweet as communion With angels of light, And pure as the love which the angels bestow, Are the thoughts of the maiden, As dreaming her dreams, Bright garlands are woven her pathway to strew.

And maiden, let whispers Of twilight, around thee, Float down from the stars, in the hush of the even, As they answer thy dreams, In fairy-like manner, The language of love and the music of heaven.

The Wirz Trial.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The Wirz Military Commission re-assembled to-day.

Mr. O. S. Belcher testified that he had served in the 16th Illinois cavalry, and was a prisoner at Andersonville from the 8th of March until September, 1864. He thought that Capt. Wirz assumed command about the 1st of April. On one occasion Wirz came into the stockade where a cripple walking on crutches approached and asked to go outside; the request was refused, and the cripple said he would rather be shot than stay there. Witness soon heard Wirz halloo to the sentinel, "Tell that man if he did not go back he would shoot him." The man did not return, when the sentinel fired and shot him in the jaw. The cripple was known by the name of Chickamanga. Wirz afterwards threatened to shoot the other men if they did not go away.

On another occasion while the prisoners were being divided into squads of hundreds, one of them, owing to sickness, did not fall in, when they threatened to shoot him and did shoot him. The ball went through the man's heart. Prisoners were kept in the sun all day and not allowed to procure water. If they could not give a satisfactory account of any of their number missing they were deprived of their rations. This was the case for three days early in July. There are not sufficient room in the prison, scarcely enough for the men to stand upon. The limits were enlarged on the north side. There were 42,000 prisoners there at one time. He heard Wirz say he was killing more Yankees than those who were serving at the front. Witness had seen twenty-five or thirty men shot over the dead line, and others fired into who were not over the dead line.

Cross-examined by Niblow for Defense.

Question.—Were there not desperadoes there, men who would steal and commit other offenses, and was not the cripple to whom you referred one of them?

Ans.—There were troublesome characters there, but I don't know whether that man belonged to them or not. Don't think a cripple was a good man to steal.

[Laughter.]

During further examination the witness spoke of a man whom the sentinel fired at.

Ques.—Did you see the ball hit him?

Ans.—A man must have very good eyes to see a ball when it strikes a man.

[Laughter.]

Witness gave various instances of men being shot. One was shot while in his

## THE "NICE GIRL."

There is nothing half so sweet in life, half so beautiful, or delightful, or lovable as a "nice girl." Not a pretty or a dashing, or an elegant girl, but a nice girl. One of those lovely, lively, good-tempered, good-hearted, sweet-faced, amiable, neat, domestic creatures met with in the sphere of "home," diffusing around the domestic hearth, the influence of her goodness like the essence of sweet flowers.

A nice girl is not the languishing beauty dandling on the sofa and discussing the last novel or opera; or the giraffe-like creature sweeping majestically thro' the drawing room. The nice girl may not either dance or play well, and knows nothing about "using her eyes," or coquetting with a fan. She never languishes; she is too active. She is not given to "sensation novels," she is too busy. At the opera she is not in the front showing her bare shoulders, but sits quiet and unobtrusive—at the back of the box most likely. In fact it is not often in such scenes that we discover her—home is her place.

Who rises betimes and superintends the morning work? Who makes the toast and tea, and waters the flowers, and feeds the chickens, and brightens up the parlor and sitting room? Is it the languisher, or giraffe, or elegant? Not a bit of it. It is the nice girl. Her unsaid toilet is made in the shortest possible time, yet how charmingly it is done, and how elegant her neat dress and plain collar.

What kisses she distributes among the family! Not presenting a cheek or brow like the "fine girl," but an audible smack which says plainly "I love you ever so much." If I ever coveted anything; it was one of those nice girl's kisses.

Breakfast over, down to the kitchen to see about dinner; and all day long she is up and down always cheerful and light-hearted. She never ceases to be useful until the day is gone, when she will polka with the boys and will sing old songs and play tunes to her father for hours together. She is a perfect treasure, the nice girl. When illness comes it is she that attends with unwearied patience to the sick chamber. There is no risk, no fatigue that she will not undergo. She is all love, all devotion. I have often thought it would be happiness to be ill, to be watched by such loving eyes, and tended by such fair hands.

One of the most strongly marked characteristics of a "nice girl" is tidiness, and simplicity of dress. She is invariably associated in my mind with a high frock, plain collar, and the neatest of ribbons, bound with the most modest little brooch in the world. I never knew a nice girl who displayed a profusion of rings and bracelets, or who wore low dresses or a splendid bonnet.

I say again, there is nothing half so beautiful, half so intrinsically good as a "nice girl." She is the sweetest flower in the path of life. There are others more stately, far more gorgeous; but these we merely admire as we go by. It is where the daisy grows that we lay us down to rest.

FLIES ON HORSES AND OXEN.

The annoyance of these summer pests to animals can be greatly mitigated by the use of a mixture one-third kerosene and two-thirds lard oil, applied to the legs of horses, oxen or cows with a feather or brush, or what is better, but more objectionable to the animal, with the hands, rubbing it well in. A farmer in this neighborhood used it last summer on his oxen, having it applied twice a day on their going out to work—morning and noon. His cattle gained in flesh during fly time. I have used it on horses and two cows. Its benefit is immediately observable. A horse, uneasy, fretting and stamping, becomes, after the application, at once quiet. Those who sympathize with the noble animals in the constant teasing endured by them from these pests will be glad to use any harmless remedy which will spare incalculable work when not called to labor in harness. Horses will keep better on a less supply of food for the repose thus obtained. Cows will give better and more milk from the rest that they will get from the use of this mixture.—New Haven Courier.

## TRIFLING EVIDENCE.

A well-known lawyer of this city being sent for to counsel some men accused of horse-stealing, and then lying in jail, was also sent for by an Irishman who occupied another cell of the same building.

"Well, Pat," asked the lawyer, "what do you want with me?"

"Yer honor," returned Pat, "I jist heard there was a lawyer in jail, and sure I wanted to see him."

"Well, what do you want with me?"

"An' what should I want wid you but to get me out of this?"

"Well, what are you here for?"

"Jist for burglary I believe they call it."

"And what is the testimony against you?"

"Och! niver a bit at all. Only I told the Justice of the peace meself that I did it."

"Well, if you have confessed it, I don't see but what you'll have to stay here."

"An' is that you say? Shure, now, and in the country I came from niver a bit would they kape a body in jail on such trifling evidence as that!"

## A VENOMOUS SERPENT.

Mr. M.—, who lives in the town adjoining this in Broome county, is very much in the habit of "drawing the long bow." One of his stories is as follows:

"Did you never see one of these here hoop-snakes?"

"No," says his listener; "I didn't think there was any such thing."

"Oh yes," says Mr. M.—, "I've seen one. Me and my hired man was down there in the home lot, by the side of the road, and we seen something rolling down the hill, and says I, 'I guess that are must be one of them hoop-snakes coming along.' My hired man he was afeared, and climb up a tree; but I took my hoe in my hand, and went out and stood side of a tree in the road, and when he come along I stuck out the hoe handle, and he hit it slap, and it made a noise jes like a pistol; and, sir, it warn't mor'n a minute afore that are hoe-handle was swelled up as big as my leg!"

As DEACON A.—, on an extremely cold morning in old times, was riding by the house of his neighbor B.—, the latter was chopping wood. The usual salutations were exchanged, the severity of the weather briefly discussed, and the horseman made demonstrations of passing on, when his neighbor detained him with—

"Don't be in a hurry, Deacon. Wouldn't you like a glass of old Jamaica, this morning?"

"Thank you, kindly," said the old gentleman, at the same time beginning to dismount, with all the deliberation becoming a deacon, "I don't care if I do."

"Ah, don't trouble yourself to get off, Deacon," said the neighbor, "I merely asked for information. We haven't a drop in the house."

## BEANS.

Beans are often left standing too long. It is not necessary that they become perfectly dry before gathering. They may be pulled when the pods are well filled and the leaves begin to turn yellow. Then stack in small stacks, well stacked, letting the beans rest on sticks or stones to keep them from the ground. The market value of the crops depends greatly upon their bright white color. It is not unlikely that the wet season has made this crop run to leaves greatly. Where this is the case, more care than usual should be taken in curing. Never put in bins until the beans themselves are perfectly dry. Otherwise they will heat.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that a farmer who manufactures butter and cheese from the milk produced on his own farm, is not subject to license tax, though he manufactures more than \$1,000 worth per year. Such products are legitimately derived from his business as a farmer, and are ordinary farm products.—Flowman.

Gen. Schenck, in a recent speech in Ohio, said a "rebel is a courageous copperhead, and a copperhead a cowardly rebel." That is just it.



## The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1865.

### UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

#### County Ticket.

For Representative,  
J. N. CROOKER.  
For County Treasurer,  
B. F. MELVIN.  
For Clerk of the Court,  
A. M. KIRBY.  
For Sheriff,  
WILLARD WHEATON.

#### POLITICAL TRICKERY.

The Board of County Commissioners ended their labors yesterday, after accomplishing, as we believe, their preconcerted plan of removing all persons under their control that held any position in the county. We do not impugn the motives of any of the Board except the Chairman, whom we have every reason to believe did what he did through the influence of others, and to gratify his own revengeful disposition.

A. CHAMBERS wanted the nomination as candidate for the office of Representative, at our County Convention, and to make his nomination certain, beyond the possibility of a failure, he—under the lead of his spiritual adviser—on the night of the First Ward Caucus—sold out his political friends, and went over to the bolting party, and voted for A. B. CORNELL as delegate to the County Convention, in opposition to an old, tried, and true Republican. The Republican party did not feel disposed to put up with such double-dealing, and went to work and nominated Hon. J. B. CROOKER, by an overwhelming majority, over A. CHAMBERS. The bolting party did all they could for CHAMBERS, and on the final ballot for Representative, A. CHAMBERS received nine votes out of thirty in the Convention.

The opposite party have done and said everything they could against Mr. CROOKER, and declared his nomination a fraud; but that all the other nominations were just. Now if Mr. CROOKER's nomination was a fraud, were not all the other nominations in the same category?

We ask our readers to look for one moment at the inconsistency of the opposition party: They charge Mr. CROOKER with certain acts, and then bring forward a candidate to be supported, who urged Mr. CROOKER to do those things of which they complain. When Mr. CROOKER came home from St. Paul last winter on a visit, he and Mr. CHAMBERS were in our office, at one time, and we heard Mr. CROOKER ask the said CHAMBERS if it would be best to get an act through the Legislature granting the Commissioners of Steele county the power to issue County Bonds to build a Court House, to which Mr. CHAMBERS replied, "By all means, and get it through immediately."

They now bring this up as an objection to Mr. CROOKER, and at the same time urge the nomination of this same CHAMBERS, who was one of the principal movers in the matter. He also urged Mr. CROOKER to secure an act of Incorporation for Owatonna, and now turns around and condemns him for the very acts he so strongly pressed him to perform.—"Oh, consistency, thou art a jewel!"

Because the Republicans would not consent to be sold out like brutes, at the dictation of Mr. CHAMBERS, and because they dared to assert their manhood, and voted as their consciences seemed to dictate, and for principles instead of men, he became very indignant toward those County Officers, and others under the appointing power of the Board of Commissioners, and for these purely personal feelings, we have reason to believe, set about the work of removal.

It was known, long before the Board met, that it was his intention not to reappoint A. A. HARWOOD, consequently a large petition, composed of the first men of the county, requesting his re-appointment to the office of County Superintendent, was presented to the Board, but there was a *Divinity* behind the throne, crying, Slay! slay! and it was accordingly so done, and another man appointed.

As to the County Printing, we knew that Mr. CHAMBERS designed giving that to A. B. CORNELL, for we were informed some weeks ago that Mr. CORNELL told others that he was going to have the Co. Printing. When the Board met we handed in a written proposition to do the printing as cheap as any other Publishing House in the county, but the Board refused to accept the proposal, and we then offered to hand in sealed proposals. This they also rejected, and declared not to let it in any other way than by auction, on the plan of selling cattle. To this we objected, as it was a very unbecoming way for them to do, and degrading to the dignity of the county.

No longer ago than last fall, Mr. CHAMBERS took the ground that it was for the good of the county that a newspaper be published here, and in order to support it, the patronage of the county was necessary, and that he was in favor of giving a fair compensation for everything required to be done; and would, in no case patronize A. B. CORNELL, because he considered him and his paper a disgrace to the county. But in a few months, oh, how changed! Now Mr. CORNELL is all in all, and the *sine qua non*. Why this great change? and who has changed? Last fall Mr. CORNELL made the same proposal in relation to the County Printing as now, and if it is for the good of the county now to auctioneer the printing of the county, it certainly was then, and why was it not done? Because Mr. CHAMBERS was not a candidate for Representative, and Mr. CORNELL had not entered into a political co-partnership with him. Can any candid mind take any other consistent view of the matter?

Another view of the case shows more conclusively than language can express the insincerity of Mr. CHAMBERS political principles. After consenting to go into a Convention to get a nomination, and failing to receive it from the delegates, he turned square about and bolts the nomination made by them, and uses his influence to defeat the choice of the people. This shows to us that he thought more of the office of Representative than he did of the great and immutable principles of the party with which he has formerly affiliated.

He has seen fit to sever the friendship of his former political associates, on which point we have nothing to say, but are fully in the belief that he has dug his own political grave.

May his late union prove agreeable, and we doubt not that the compound mixture will be more congenial to his spiritual nature.

#### To the Friends of Education.

I will hold an Institute for the benefit of teachers, and others interested in the cause of human advancement, at the Baptist Church, in this city, to commence on Tuesday the 2d day of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M., and continue four days.

The most improved methods of instruction in Common and Graded Schools, will be practically illustrated and applied. Themes for discussion will be adopted, having a direct tendency to "draw out" the minds of teachers, to enlarge their capacities; and, further, to develop the principles upon which the stability and progress of schools so greatly depend.

It is earnestly hoped that School Officers and others interested in practical education, will add much to the occasion by a very general attendance, and participation in the exercises, believing that teachers will feel more encouraged from a *manifest* interest by those among whom they are to labor. Lectures and other exercises will occupy at least three evenings during the session.

Teachers are requested to furnish themselves Testaments, Fifth Readers, (National Series), Green's Grammars, Robinson's Intellectual Arithmetic, and National Spellers.

It is confidently expected that all persons intending to teach in the Common Schools of the County during the coming winter, will be present to participate in the exercises of the Institute.

Friends from adjacent counties are cordially invited.

Accommodations free to all.  
A. A. HARWOOD,  
Supt. of Schools, Steele County.  
Owatonna, Sept. 12, 1865.

#### MARRIAGE, (a political.)

In August last, 1865, at the County Office in this city, by the Very Reverend Petting Preacher, A. CHAMBERS, Esq., County Commissioner, to A. B. CORNELL, of the Owatonna Gazette. No objection.

We sincerely offer our congratulations to the happy parties to this union, having very good faith from their well known affiliates, that the union will be a long and happy one. From the well known antecedents of the parties above mentioned, there may be some curious individuals who may distrust the disinterestedness of the motives which prompted this union, and may maliciously (as for poor human nature) picture to themselves the happy parties to this union making use of the following language:

A. C. "But granting now we should agree, What is it you expect of me?"  
A. B. C.'S RESPONSE. "To give me contracts that will pay, To pocket records, so that they will be non est obsequious."

TO WHICH A. C. RESPONSES.

"These are but trifles; every lover Will dote himself over and over, And greater matters undertake, For a less worthy mistress' sake. I would do more, but I've a fear Lest you prove false and perfidious, As a poor natured man; For if I thought you could be true I would do twice as much for you."

SHAKESPEARE.

Is Iowa, where negro suffrage is at issue, it is reported that out of 1,000 negroes in the State, 750 volunteered for the war, while out of 40,000 copperheads but 17 enlisted. It is, of course, perfectly natural that the 40,000 copperheads who did all they dare to destroy the nation and subvert the principles of free government, should be banded as one man to save the ballot-box from the fearful contamination of ballots deposited by hands none so darkly colored to have aided in saving the Union, but altogether too dingy to put a vote in the same box with an ignorant, dirty and vicious copperhead.—Press.

### Proclamation of Provisional Gov. Marvin of Florida.

Provisional Gov. Wm. Marvin of Florida has issued a Proclamation, under date August 26, of which the main points are as follows:

1. Election for delegates to Convention Tuesday, October 10.

2. Prescribes the number of delegates from each county.

3. Every true white male person of the age of 21 years and upward, and who shall be, at the time of offering to vote, a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided and had his home in this State for one year next preceding the election, and for six months in the county in which he may offer to vote, and who shall have taken and subscribed the oath of amnesty, as set forth in the President's Proclamation of Amnesty of the 29th day of May, 1865, and it becomes within the exceptions contained in said Proclamation, shall have taken said oath, and have been specially pardoned by the President, shall be entitled to vote in the county where he resides, and shall be eligible as a member of said Convention, and none others. Where the person offering to vote comes within the exceptions contained in the Amnesty Proclamation, and shall have taken the amnesty oath, and shall have made application to the President for a special pardon, through the Provisional Governor, and shall have been recommended by him for such pardon, the inspectors or judges of elections may, in most instances, properly presume that such pardon has been granted, though, owing to the want of mail facilities, it may not have been received by the party at the time of the election.

4. By the operations and results of the war, Slavery has ceased to exist in this State. It cannot be revived. Every voter for delegates to the Convention, in taking the Amnesty oath, takes a solemn oath to support the freedom of the former slave. The freedom intended is the full, ample and complete freedom of a citizen of the United States. This does not necessarily include the privilege of voting, but it does include the idea of full constitutional guarantee of future non-session and quiet enjoyment. The question of his voting is an open question—a proper subject for discussion—and is to be decided as a question of sound policy by the convention to be called.

#### The Dusky Chivalry.

The freed negroes of Virginia recently held a grand "tournament" at Alexandria, by way of burlesquing the performances of the F. F. V's. in this line:

"At the various watering places of the Mother of Presidents, the most noted pastime has been the 'tournament,' which really has half so much sense in it as the game which little boys and girls played called Copehagen. A lot of sprigs of chivalry mount their horses, and while riding at full speed for a few rods, with a spear take off a ring, suspended by a wire from a pole. These Don Quixotes style themselves knights, and one would suppose that they did in reality believe that, in these mock tournaments, they considered that they revived the days of chivalry, and established their claims to the appellation they have arrogantly assumed. The tournament was the favorite amusement of the F. F. V's of Virginia—the aristocratic pastime. The queen of love and beauty, and the marks of honor, were selected from the fairest of the fair sex, and their names were published in all the newspapers. The fortunate females were supposed to do at a premium over the rest of the sex, and were hated and envied by their friends, according to the rule in such cases made and provided."

The recent negro tournament at Alexandria was an admirable take off on this amusement of the chivalry.

#### Gay-Sharkey Sabbed.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 4.—I learn that Gen. Sharkey, commanding the department of Mississippi, has issued to-day, by direction of President Johnson, a very important general order, in which he directs all officers of his department to offer no interference whatever with the organization of the State militia, as provided for by the proclamation of Gov. Sharkey.

He enjoins upon all his officers, in case any difficulty should arise between the Federal troops and the State militia, that they take no action in the matter, without consulting the department. The President Johnson's instructions look to the gradual suppression of the Federal troops by State militia, to diminish the national expenses.

Gen. Slocum's order is considered to be of great importance, as fixing definitely the policy of reconstruction to be followed in Mississippi.

BEDFORD, Pa., Sept. 6.—The Grand Jury yesterday presented a true bill in the case of John P. Reed, jr., indicted for the murder of Deputy Provost-Marshal Jacob Grouse, on the 1st of August last, and ignored the bill against Menzel Reed and Schell W. Reed.

Immediately after his discharge, Menzel Reed was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Col. Alexander Campbell, on charge of treason against the United States. It may be remembered that this Menzel Reed joined the Rebel army during the invasion of the State in 1863. He was this morning conveyed to Pittsburgh to await his trial.

TORONTO, C. W., Sept. 6.—Robinson and Brown, two prominent Pittsburg burgars, were arrested here last night while attempting to rob the residence of Mr. Grouillard. The police had previously received an intimation of their intention, and trapped them. Several attempts at robbery have been made lately, of which these men are suspected.

### NEWS ITEMS.

—In the Wirz trial Friday a large amount of documentary evidence was introduced, showing that the Rebel War Department was cognizant of the sufferings of the prisoners at Andersonville, and the cruelties inflicted upon them. Wirz has made application to the court for spiritual advisers and the application has been laid before the War Department.

—The Coroner's inquest in the case of one of the victims of poisoning in Pittsburgh, Pa., have rendered a verdict to the effect that Mrs. Martha Grider, who is under arrest charged with having poisoned many other persons, administered the poison to the deceased, and that her husband, George Grider, was accessory before the fact. The latter has accordingly also been arrested.

—President Johnson refuses to release Mallory, ex-secretary of the rebel navy, but allows him to have communication with his family.

—Gen. Marmaduke, known as a prominent officer in the late Rebellion, is the first one to avail himself of the privilege to go abroad and remain without the United States during the pleasure of the Government, and has received a passport accordingly. Gen. Beauregard has also applied for a passport under the same official order of the Department of State, through the medium of a sympathizing lady friend from Alabama.

—Wherever loyalty lived and yet lives in the South, there is comparative ease and safety. But elsewhere, as I have said, there is unbroken poverty and despondency. The one hideous feature of this appalling review, is the absence, in the Southern country, of an intelligent and independent rural population. "From the Virginia border to the Mexican frontier, it was given up to the slave blacks and the degraded whites. The millions of illiterate slaves, half-titled by compelled toil, were as bare of school-house and churches as a New England county is of taverns. They were, so to speak, 'punctuated' at long intervals, by splendid mansions, situated like a few houses of the British officials in the penal colonies, a combination of scraggly, hotel, and garison. All else was Slavery and sloth."

—A mysterious murder was committed in Indianapolis Sunday night. A member of the Veteran Reserves, named Carroll, was found on a sidewalk on Washington street, early in the evening, with two wounds in the head, from which he died before daylight. No facts concerning the crime have been obtained.

—Thomas Wilson, the Quincy bush-whacker, under sentence of death, has had the sentence commuted by Gov. Oglesby, to twenty-five years imprisonment in the State Penitentiary, in consideration

—Railroad murders continue unabated. Yesterday a locomotive boiler exploded on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Danbury, by which these persons were instantly killed.

—Henry A. Wise has addressed a letter of thirty foolscap pages to Gen. Grant, remonstrating against a decision of Gen. Terry, which gives all of his abandoned property to the Freedmen's Bureau.

—Another prize fight for the championship of England is arranged to come off on Wednesday, the 1st of November, between Jim Mace and Joe Wormald.

—The population of the United Kingdom (England, Ireland and Scotland) is stated at 29,772,294 in the middle of the present year.

—The report that the president had invited John Bright to visit the United States as the guest of the nation is not credited in Washington.

—The President has pardoned William Allen, the wealthiest man in Virginia, on the 11th ultimo, that, should the cholera continue to advance for the following three weeks it would reach England.

—The period within which clergymen in Missouri were required to take the oath of loyalty expired on Saturday. Three-fourths of the ecclesiastics of St. Louis have failed to comply with the constitutional provision, the recusants including the entire clergy of the Catholic, Methodist South, and Christian churches.

—The territory of Colorado has been full of rebel sympathizers, and the murder of Mr. Lincoln was received there with extravagant demonstrations of joy. The same state of things prevailed also in Idaho. Many of these wretches had left the States to avoid the draft. But, says an exchange, "There are loyal people in Idaho; and they are hanging and shooting these rascals as fast as they can. And a correspondent of ours says: 'We are gaining upon them.' This order has to be passed in every one of those western territories before there can exist any safety of person or property. Colorado and Nevada have passed it; Idaho, Montana and Arizona are now in the middle of the fire."

—Among the leading rebels who left this continent and declare they will never return are Generals Magruder, Kirby Smith, Preston, Hindman, Price and Breckinridge. Among those who would like to do the same, if they could, are Jefferson Davis and Wirz.

—Gen. McClellan, at last advised, was in Prussia, where he was studying the military tactics of that nation.

—Gen. Kilpatrick was expected at Newark last evening, and will immediately take the stump for the Union candidates.

—A difficulty occurred at Knoxville on Tuesday between W. H. Hall, Clerk of the circuit Court, and a young man named Baker, which resulted in the killing of the former. Baker was arrested, and committed to jail, but the citizens succeeded in seizing and lynching him.

—Raphael Semmes, who commanded the Alabama when she was sunk by the Kearsarge, and who owes his escape to a meddling Englishman, is in New Orleans.

—Barnum is getting up a new museum on an extensive scale—no, however, on the old ground. He is remodeling the famous Chinese buildings for the purpose.

—Ex-Gov. Medill, of Ohio, died at Lancaster, in that state, on the 3d inst. He was Commissioner of Indian Affairs under Polk, in 1845; in 1850 President of the Ohio Constitutional Convention; in 1851 Lieut. Governor and in 1853 Governor of Ohio, and in 1857 Comptroller of the Treasurer under Buchanan.

—Three thousand one hundred and eighty-one persons lost their lives, and nine hundred and thirty-five other persons suffered bodily injuries by accidents, upon American railroads or steamboats, or by the explosions of powder magazines or the fall of buildings, in America, during the period between the close of the year for the Union and the 31st ultimo—just five months. These figures, supposing the whole year to present, a similar record, would give a total of seven thousand and six hundred and thirty-two deaths, and two thousand two hundred and forty-four persons wounded, within the space of twelve months.

### Internal Revenue Notice.

OFFICE COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE, FIRST DISTRICT MINNESOTA, MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 2, 1865.

Notice is hereby given that the annual list of taxes assessed in accordance with the act of Congress entitled "an act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt, approved July 1st, 1862, and the subsequent acts and amendments thereto, has been returned to me by the Assessor of the District, and that said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereof is hereby demanded, and that I will attend either in person or by deputy, at the office of W. R. KIRBY, the Deputy Collector for the Eighth District of the First Collection District of the State of Minnesota, in Owatonna, in the County of Steele, from the 20th to the 30th day of September, 1865, inclusive. A personal notice by mailing, demanding payment within ten days from its service, will be mailed to the address of each person on the list, who shall omit to pay such tax for more than ten days from said 20th day of September, for which a fine of twenty cents will be added. And all persons who shall neglect to pay the same so demanded within the time specified in such special notices, will be liable to pay TEN PER CENTUM additional, and a fine of twenty cents for the service of the notice.

JOHN N. HALL, Collector First District Minn.

### ORTON BROTHERS' GREAT AMERICAN CIRCUS IS COMING.

Endorsed and greatly improved for the year 1865, with an Entirely New Outfit, Brilliant Trappings, and an Unequaled Company of

### STAR PERFORMERS,

and beautiful Horses, will perform at

OWATONNA, SEPTEMBER 16, 1865.

A Grand Mid-day Performance commencing at 2 o'clock, and in the Evening at 7 o'clock. *Over the Stars, Tents, Five Lady Equestrians:* Mrs. Miles Orton, Mrs. H. Orton, Misses Irene Orton, Mrs. Lester, Mr. Andrew Gaffney. Misses, Paul, James, Maria, William Hogan, Master R. Z. Orton and the People's favorite Clown and Court Jester, Dr. James A. Gilkison, and the famous men of the Great Equestrian Performances and games of circus will be given.

A BRILLIANT PANTOMIME, Entitled the World of Magic or Horse on the Brain. Admission, - - - 25 cents. Children under ten, - - 15 cents.

The entire performance will be accompanied with a splendid Brass Band, led by Mr. Philip Mennel. JOHN N. SEELY, Agent.

### AUSTIN & DICKINSON,

At the

OLD STAND OF CROOKER BROS.,

Are receiving a

GENERAL STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Notions,

Hats & Caps,

Boots & Shoes,

and Groceries,

Which they offer at

Low Cash Prices.

We have the best stock of

### CUSTOM MADE BOOTS

In the State.

The public are invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have adopted the

One Price System,

And shall sell only for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Owatonna, June 8, 1865.

### Millinery Store.

MRS. LANGLEY still continues to occupy her rooms over the

People's Store,

Where she keeps on hand a good assortment of

### MILLINERY GOODS,

And will do all kinds of work pertaining to the Millinery line. She is also prepared to FLUTE all material for

FLOUNCES AND TRIMMINGS, DRESSES, COLLARS, MUSLINS, &c.

Also, Agent for

Singer's Sewing Machine,

Which needs no recommendation, as every one knows it is the best. She has one for her own use, which she would be glad to show to any one wishing to become acquainted with its work.

MACHINE NEEDLES kept for sale.

Thanking the public for past patronage she hopes that it may be continued and will try to suit all, if possible.

### THE R. R. IS COMING!

The Iron Horse is on His Way!

Have just come in ahead of the cars, and issued their

Frank Curtis & Co.

PROCLAMATION,

Granting an Amnesty to all the Citizens of Steele County, who buy their goods at

Our Store,

And restore them to the bosom of our beloved country.

For the information of all, we announce to the people of this section that we are just receiving a

LARGE STOCK OF

Groceries,

Bought at

Panic Prices,

And for cash, consequently we

CAN AND WILL

Sell lower than

ANY OTHER STORE OF THE KIND

IN THE COUNTRY.

Everything in our line, of the

BEST QUALITY,

Will be kept constantly on hand, and as our terms are

Ready Pay,

We have no bad debts for our customers to answer.

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

Is on motion. Call and see for yourself.

Store, B. Chambers' old stand, on Broadway.

Owatonna, June 8, 1865.

STOVES & HARDWARE!

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Steele and adjacent Counties, that they have opened a

### HARDWARE STORE

In the building formerly occupied by Dresser Bros., ON BROADWAY,

Where can be found a full assortment of all kinds of

HARDWARE, STOVES,

PITCHFORKS, TINWARE,

SASH & WINDOW GLASS,

SCYTHES & SNATHS,

CUTLERY, &c. &c.,

Which we are offering for sale at the

Lowest Possible Figures,

Our Motto being

Quick Sales and Small Profits.

Please call and examine our goods and prices.

We have also a

### TIN SHOP

Connected with the store, and are prepared to do

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING

TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER,

On the shortest notice, and prices satisfactory.

Owatonna, July 27, 1865.

### NEW TAILOR SHOP.

JOHN COTTIER

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Steele County that he has opened a

### TAILOR SHOP

ON MAIN STREET,

OVER THE OLD DRUG STORE,

Where he is prepared to

### CUT AND MAKE

All kinds of

GENTS' CLOTHING,

Agreeable to the

LATEST STYLES,

ON THE

SHORTEST NOTICE & WARRANTED.

All kinds of

Cutting

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO,

AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Having had a

Life-Time Experience

In the business, in the Eastern States, he feels confident that his experience will merit a fair amount of patronage.



Partners will add this a...  
to insure in. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.  
C. H. FOOTE, Sec. 188-14 Owatonna, June 20, 1885. v8n104



SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

In pursuance of law, I, Charles McIlraith, Commissioner of the State Land Office of the State of Minnesota, do hereby declare and make known that a public sale of School Lands will be held in the undermentioned county at the time and place hereinafter designated, to wit:

STEELE COUNTY.

AT OWATONNA, THURSDAY, NOV. 2, 1885.

The following described tracts or parcels of land, viz:

OAK GLEN—TOWN 105, RANGE 19.

Parts of Sec.	Sec.	Acres.	Value.
SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

AURORA—TOWN 106, RANGE 19.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

MERTON—TOWN 105, RANGE 19.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

SUMMITT—TOWN 105, RANGE 20.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

SOMERSET—TOWN 106, RANGE 20.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

OWATONNA—TOWN 107, RANGE 20.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

CLINTON FALLS—TOWN 108, RANGE 20.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

BERLIN—TOWN 105, RANGE 21.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

LEMOND—TOWN 106, RANGE 21.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

MERIDEN—TOWN 107, RANGE 21.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

DEERFIELD—TOWN 108, RANGE 21.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

MEDFORD—TOWN 105, RANGE 20.

SW 1/4	16	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	17	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	18	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	19	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	20	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	21	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	22	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	23	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	24	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	25	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	26	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	27	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	28	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	29	40.00	5.00
SW 1/4	30	40.00	5.00

No hands will be sold for less than their appraised value per acre, and the right is reserved to withdraw from market any of the tracts advertised, on the day of sale.

The terms of the sale are such by law, that lands designated "Timber," seventy-five per cent. of the purchase money must be paid at the time of sale, with lands denoted "Prairie," only fifteen per cent. of the purchase money will be required. When lands are not especially valuable for timber thereon, the proportion of the purchase money required down is mentioned in the proper column. In each case, the balance of the purchase money can be paid any time thereafter, from time to time, within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser; provided interest in

advance at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, on the unpaid balance is paid to the first day of June, 1886, and annually thereafter.

Purchase money payable in legal tender notes. Persons purchasing lands upon which other parties have made improvements, will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of improvements, one-half to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance within six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent. per annum.

The offering of said lands will commence at 10 o'clock A. M., at the usual place of holding court, on the day specified, and will proceed in the order in which they are advertised, until all are offered. No sale will be kept open longer than one day, and no lands will be sold except at public sale.

CHAS. McILRAITH, Commissioner State Land Office.

DRUG & BOOK STORE!

At the sign of the

Golden Mortar,

Is the place to get great bargains in the line of

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, DYE

STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER,

WINDOW SHADES, VARNISHES,

Yankee Notions,

PATENT MEDICINES, of all kinds,

KEROSENE OIL & LAMPS,

(in large quantities.)

SLATES & PENCILS,

COPY & BLANK BOOKS,

DIARIES FOR 1886, &c.

Physicians & Druggists

From the country, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to duplicate any bill, of limited size, from

EASTERN MARKETS.

All Medicines, Domestic Wines, and Liquors,

Warranted Pure & Genuine.

Remember the place: STONE STORE,

GOLDEN MORTAR, Broadway,

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1885. v3n4m6

FURNITURE

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. A. HICKCOX'S FURNITURE STORE is the

place to buy, as he has just bought out the

Winona Establishment; and with that stock and

the work he has already on hand, he offers to his

former customers, and to all others wishing to pur-

chase, as good a selection as can be found in Min-

nesota, and at prices as low as can be had this side

of the Mississippi. A large stock of

LOOKING GLASSES,

SOFAS, CENTRE-TABLES,

Chamber sets, Ornamented with

Gold Leaf,

MATTRESSES, PILLOWS OF FEATHERS, HAIR

AND SEA GRASS,

Wright's Patent Sectional Spring

BED BOTTOM,

With assortment of

TUCKERS.

GILT MOLDING PICTURE FRAMES

Made to order.

CURTAIN ROLLERS AND FIXTURES,

And a good variety of

CORD AND TASSELS

Of all kinds.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

On College Street, next door east of Hurst's

Block, at the GILT SHOP, 222

S. A. HICKCOX.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1885. v3n4m6

Meat Market,

BRIDGE STREET, OWATONNA.

The undersigned having purchased the interest of

PEPPER & SCRUBY,

In the old Meat Market, on Bridge Street, respect-

fully informs the inhabitants of Steele County that

they intend keeping on hand an ample supply of

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Sausages, Chickens,

Turkeys, &c., &c.,

Of the best quality, and trust, by a careful atten-

tion to the wants of their customers, to merit a

continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed upon

the old firm.

N. B.—CASH paid for

Hides, Pork, Turkeys, Chickens.

O. CRANDALL, Wm. PEPPER.

Owatonna, Oct. 20th, 1884. v2n4m6

MILLINERY

—AND—

Dress-Making!

The Subscriber would inform his friends and the

public generally, that he has purchased the STOCK

OF GOODS and rented the store lately occupied by

S. B. BROCKWAY,

and that we will constantly keep on hand a good

assortment of



# The Owatonna Plaindealer.

L. H. KELLY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME 3.

OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1865.

NUMBER 22.

## The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna, Steele County, Minnesota.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, east of Barker's Exchange.

TERMS:—\$2.00 per annum, invariably in advance.

### RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, of ten lines, or less, one insertion, 1.00  
Each subsequent insertion, .50  
One square, one month, 3.00  
One square, three months, 8.00  
One square, six months, 15.00  
One square, one year, 30.00  
One quarter column, three months, 1.00  
One quarter column, six months, 2.00  
One quarter column, one year, 4.00  
One column, six months, 10.00  
One column, one year, 20.00  
Business cards of five lines, or less, one year, 5.00  
Legal notices will be inserted at 15 cts. a line for the first insertion, and 7 1/2 cts. a line for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before advertisement is given.  
Advertisements not accompanied with written directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

## Business Directory.

A. A. HARWOOD, W. W. HOBBS.  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Bridge St., Owatonna.

J. B. SEARLES, F. E. VAN HORN.  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Will give prompt attention to all professional business, make collections, pay taxes, collect rents, back pay and business, buy and sell land on commission and Notary Public. Office on Bridge Street, fr. 4 room over Excelsior Drug Store, Owatonna, Minnesota.

J. A. KIRK, A. K. HICKMAN, C. A. HICKMAN.  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS. Particular attention given to payment of taxes for non-residents. Office over Excelsior Drug Store, Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2-22

W. R. KIRBY.  
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW in all the Courts of this State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of taxes, collects rents, back pay, etc. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14th, 1863. v183

L. J. Kellogg.  
DENTIST, has opened an office over People's Clothing Store, on Bridge street, where she is prepared to do all kinds of Dentistry, with latest improvements, including valuable base for artificial teeth. Special attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth.  
ALL WORK WARRANTED. v1816

Frank Curtis & Co.,  
DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v1817

J. M. Williams.  
DENTIST. I have worked at Dentistry twenty years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Veneers, it is cheaper and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Veneers work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed to please. All persons desiring work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Minn. v1810

D. S. Hartsch.  
DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals. Patent medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils, &c. Prescriptions put up with great care. v1811

Joos & Bell.  
DEALERS in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Assorted Canned Goods, Apples, Lemons, Raisins, &c. Cash paid for all kinds of produce. v1812

Hastings & Twiss.  
GOOD Horse and Carriage constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Livestock and Sale of Stage Lines. v1813

Marble Factory.  
H. CARPENTER, Dealer in Hard Stones, Monuments, &c., Main St., Rochester, Minn. v1814

American Hotel.  
J. B. CORY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has fitted up the old stand of the American Hotel, and has all the conveniences for the traveling community, both for men and women. v1815

James Longergan.  
MANUFACTURER of Boots and Shoes, on the most improved styles. All work warranted to fit and made of the best material. Shop on Main Street, at the Feed Store. v1816

C. C. Cornell.  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars, &c. of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of molasses taken for ware. Factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Minn. v1817

Carpenter & Smith.  
NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloth, Casimires, and Vestings, Faribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. v1818

L. L. Bennett, M. D.  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Barker & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day. v1819

John Stevens.  
PHOTOGRAPHER and Portrait Painter, on either paper or canvas, life size, and warranted perfect. Rooms head of Broadway, Rochester, Minnesota. v1820

C. C. Hazzard.  
PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. v1821

D. P. Smith.  
PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main Street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1822

G. W. Yearly.  
PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel," Washington, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Windsor Hotel." v1823

L. B. Kelly.  
PROPRIETOR of the OWATONNA PLAIN-DEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the newest style and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

## Business Directory.

J. H. Eason.  
PHOTOGRAPHER. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v1824

J. B. Hooper.  
REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 3-2

L. O. O. F.  
STAR OF THE WEST LODGE No. 11, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room, over the People's Store, Entrance, rear of building. v1825

E. K. Smith, N. G.; J. A. C. Hickman, Sec.; L. Dixey, V. G.; D. B. Maible, Treas.; J. J. Newell, D. R.; G. G. M. M.; Degree of Release Meeting every first Friday in the month. v1826

Masonic.  
TYNAR CHAPTER No. 6, R. R. A. P. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evening of each month. C. N. DANIELS, R. P.; Z. S. Wilson, Secretary. v1827

J. Hough.  
WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRER, Jeweler, &c., at Walker's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. v1828

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE CRACKER MANUFACTORY.  
Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS: BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS: BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR.

PICNICS: BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:  
Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter, - 8 1/2  
Sugar, - 11  
Cream, - 18

All Cracker warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,  
ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

THOMAS TAIT.  
Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v1829

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!  
Bur & McClure  
KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:

WATCHES  
Of all kinds, both GOLD and SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS  
Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the Seth Thomas Clocks, Excelled by none.

JEWELRY  
Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORENTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE,  
CASTORS, CUP BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

SPECTACLES,  
The best assortment in the country.

Musical Instruments,  
GUITARS, BANJOS, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, CLARINETTES, PICKLES, FLUTES, PIPES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Cutlery.  
A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Willow Ware.  
TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS, CHILDREN'S CARS & BUGGIES.

BIRD CAGES  
Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,  
In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the NEW STYLE BRIT BRICKS, HANGING LAMP, KETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.  
187 Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.  
Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch.  
OWATONNA, May 18, 1865. BUR & MCCLURE. v1830

WINONA & ST. PETER R. R.  
On and after SATURDAY, December 24th, 1864, PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows:  
Daily.  
Leave Winona at 6:00 P. M., arriving at Rochester at 6:30 P. M.  
Leave Rochester at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Winona at 9:30 A. M.  
Stages connect at Rochester for Owatonna, Manly, St. Peter, and all other points in Southern Minnesota, and for Cannon Falls and St. Paul. JOHN NEWELL, Superintendent.

## HOME INFLUENCES.

"What's that, I wonder?" said Mrs. Seaburn, as she heard a ring at the basement door.

"Ah—it's Marshall, returned the husband, who had looked out at the window and recognized the Grocer's cart.

"And what have you sent home now, Henry?"

But before Mr. Seaburn could answer the door of the sitting-room was opened, and one of the domestics looked in and asked:

"What'll I do with the demijohns mum?"

"Demijohns?" repeated Mrs. Seaburn. "Let them set in the hall, and I'll attend to them," interposed the husband.

"Henry, what have you sent home now?" the wife asked, after the domestic had gone.

"Some nice old brandy," he replied. "Cor! Seaburn looked up at the clock, and then glanced down upon the floor. There was a cloud upon her fair brow, and it was very evident that something lay heavily upon her heart. Presently she walked to the wall and pulled the bellcord, and the summons was answered by the chambermaid.

"Are George and Charles in their room?"

"Yes, ma'am."

"Tell them it is school time."

The girl went out, and in a little while two boys entered the sitting-room, with their books under their arms, and their caps in their hands. They were bright, happy, healthy fellows, with goodness and truth stamped upon their rosy faces, and the light of free consciences gleaming in the sparkling eyes. George was thirteen years of age, and Charles eleven, and certainly those two parents had reason to be proud of them. The boys kissed their mother, gave a happy 'good morning' to their father, and then went away to school.

"Cor," said Mr. Seaburn, some time after the boys had gone, "what makes you so sober?"

"Sober?" repeated the wife, looking up.

"Yes; you have been sober and mute every since the grocer came."

"Do you want me to tell you why?"

"Of course I do."

"Well, Henry, I am sorry you have had the spirit brought into the house."

"Pooh! What's the use of talking so, Cora? You wouldn't have me do without it, would you?"

"Yes."

"Why—what do you mean?"

"I mean that I would cut clear of the stuff, now and forever."

"But—Cora—you are wild. What should we do at our dinner parties without wine?"

"Do as others do who have it not."

"But, mercy! I want what people say? Are you afraid I should not—I will not ask so foolish a question."

"Ask it, Henry. Let us speak plainly, now we have fairly commenced."

"Well, I was about to ask if you were afraid that I should overdrink too much?"

"That's not a fair question, Henry. I was not thinking of that at all. But I will answer that, by and by. You have no fixed appetite for it now."

"Of course not."

"Then it will not cost you any effort of will to abstain from its use?"

"Not a particle."

"And you only have it in your house and serve it to your friends, and drink it yourself, because it is fashionable! or in other words, you do it because others do it!"

"I do it because," said Mr. Seaburn, hesitating some in his choice of language—"because it would appear very odd, and, niggardly, and very fanatical, not to do it." This last was spoken emphatically.

"But," pursued Mrs. Seaburn, with calmness and assurance of one who feels the sustaining influence of Right, "you would not do what you were convicted was wrong, out of respect to any such considerations, would you?"

"You know I would not, Cora. This question of temperance, I know, is a good one in the abstract, and I am willing to live up to it as I understand it; but I am no tea-totaler."

"Henry," said his wife, with an earnest look into his face, "will you answer me a few questions, and answer them without equivocation or evasion?"

"Bless me, how methodically you put it, Cora. But I will answer."

"Then—first, do you believe you, or your friends, are in any way benefited by the drinking of intoxicating beverages at your board? That is, do you derive any real good from it?"

"No, I can't say that we do."

"Do you think the time has ever been since we were married, when we actually needed wine in the house either for health or comfort?"

"Why—I think it has administered to our comfort, Cora."

"How?"

"Oh—in many ways."

"Name one of them."

"Why—in the real enjoyment of our guests."

"Ah! but I am speaking of ourselves, Henry—of you, and me and our own little family. Has it ever ministered to our comfort?"

"No, I can't say it has."

"And if it was banished from our house—to-day and forever, as a beverage should we suffer in consequence?"

"Certainly. What would our friends say?"

"Ah, but stop. I am only speaking of our own affairs, as shut out from the world, by our own fireside. I want all extraneous considerations left out. Should we, as a family, suffer in our moral, physical, social or domestic affairs in the total abstinence from this beverage?"

"No, I don't know that we should."

"Then to you, as a husband, and a father, and as a man, it is of no earthly use?"

"No."

"And it would cost you no effort, so far as you alone are concerned, to break clear from it?"

"Not a particle."

"And now, Henry," pursued the wife, with increased earnestness, "I have a few more questions to ask. Do you believe that the drinking of intoxicating beverages is an evil in this country?"

"Why, as it is now going on, I certainly do."

"And isn't it an evil in society?"

"Yes."

"Look over this city, and tell me if it is not a terrible evil?"

"A terrible evil grows out of the abuse of it, Cora."

"And will you tell me what good grows out of the use of it?"

"Really, love, when you come down to this abstract point, you have the field—but people should govern their appetites. All things may be abused."

"Yes. But will you tell me the use—the real good—to be derived from drinking wine and brandy?"

"As I said before, it is a social custom, and has its charms."

"Ah, there you have it, Henry. It does have its charms as the deadly snake is said to have. But I see you are in a hurry."

"It is time I was at the store."

"I will detain you but a moment longer, Henry. Just answer me a few more questions. Now call to mind all the families of your acquaintance; of all the domestic circles, you have known from your school-boy days to the present. Run your thoughts through the various homes where you have been intimate. Do this, and tell me if in any one instance you ever knew a single joy to be planted by the fire-side by the wine-cup? Did you ever know one item of good to a family from its use?"

"No, I cannot say that I ever did; not as you mean."

"And now you answer me again—Think of those homes once more. Call to memory the playmates of your childhood—think of the homes they have made—think of other homes—think of the fire-sides where all you know dwell, and tell me if you have seen any sorrow flow from the wine-cup? Have you seen any great griefs planted by the intoxicating bowl, on the hearth-stone?"

"Henry Seaburn did not answer, for there passed before him such grim spectres of sorrow and grief that he shuddered at the mental vision. He saw the youth cut down in the hour of promise; he saw hearts broken and homes made desolate; he saw affliction wither up and die; and noble intellects stricken down!"

"Good Heaven! what sights he saw as he recalled the canvases of his memory."

"Henry," whispered the wife, moving to his side, and winding one arm gently around his neck, "we have two boys—they are growing to be men. They are noble generous, and warm hearted. They love their home and honor their parents. They are here to form those characters—to receive those impressions which shall be the basis upon which their future will or woe must rest. Look at them—O, think of them! Think of them doing battle in the great struggle of life before them. Shall they carry out from their home one evil influence? Shall they, in the time to come, fall by the wayside, cut down by the Demon of the cup, and in their dying hour curse the example whence they derive the appetite? O—for our children—for those two boys—for the memories we would have them cherish of the home—for the good old age they may reap—let us cut out this thing now and forever!"

"Henry, you are not offended?"

"No," he said. He returned her kiss, and without another word left the house and went to the store.

How strangely did circumstances work to keep the idea his wife had given him alive in his mind. That very morning he met a youth, the son of one of his wealthy friends, in a state of wild intoxication; and during the forenoon to heard that young Aaron G—, had died at sea. He knew that Aaron had been sent away from home that he might be reclaimed.

After the bank had closed, and as Henry Seaburn was thinking of going to his dinner, he received a note through the Penny Post. It was from a medical friend, and contained a request that he would call at the hospital on his way home. The hospital was not much out of his way, and he stopped there.

"There is a man in the lower wards who wishes to see you," said the doctor.

"Does he know me?" asked Seaburn.

"He says he does."

"What is his name?"

"He won't tell us. He goes by the name of Smith; but I am satisfied such is not his true name. He is in the last stage of consumption and delirium. He has lucid intervals, but they do not last long. He has been here a week. He was picked up in the street and brought here. He heard your name, and said he knew you once."

Mr. Seaburn went to the room where the patient lay, and looked at him—surely he never knew that man: "There must be some mistake," he said.

The invalid heard him, and opened his eyes—such bloodshot, sunken, unearthly looking eyes.

"Harry," he whispered, trying to lift himself upon his elbow; "is this Harry Seaburn?"

"That is my name."

"And you don't know me?"

"I am sure I do not." And he would have said that he did not wish to, only the man seemed so utterly miserable that he would not wound what little feeling he might have left.

"Have you forgotten your old playmate in boyhood, Harry—your friend in other years—your chum in College?"

"What!" gasped Seaburn, starting back, as if from a glimmer of truth burst upon him. "This is not Alce Lomborg?"

"All this is left of him, my Hal," returned the fellow, putting forth his wasted skeleton hand, and smiling a faint, quivering, dying smile. Ah—Pater, pater!

"Alexander Lomborg?" said Harry, gazing into the bloated, disfigured face before him.

"You wouldn't have known me Hal."

"Good heavens—no!"

"I know I am altered. Ah, Hal, sic transit gloria mundi."

"But, Alce," cried Seaburn, "how is this? Why are you here?"

"Rum, Hal, Rum! I'm about done for—But I wanted to see you. They told me you lived not far away; and I would look upon one friend before I died."

"But I heard you were practicing in your profession, Alce, and doing well."

"So I did, well when I practiced, Hal, I have made some pleas; but I have given up all that."

"And your father where is he?"

"Do not mention him, Hal. We've broken. I do not know him; he taught me to drink? Aye, he taught me! and then turned the cold shoulder to me when I drank too much. But I'm going, Hal—going, going."

Henry Seaburn gazed into that horrible face, and remembered what its owner had been—the son of wealthy parents; the idol of a fond mother; the favorite at school, at play, at College; a light of intellect and physical beauty; and a noble generous friend. And now, alas!

"Alce, can I help you?"

"Yes." And the poor fellow started higher up from his pillow, and something of the old light struggled for a moment in his eye. "Pray for me, Hal, Pray for my soul. Pray that I may go where my mother is. She won't disown her boy. She could not have done it had she lived. Oh! she was a good mother, Hal. Thank God, she did not live to see this! Pray for me—pray—pray! Let me go to her!"

As the wasted man sank back, he fell to weeping, and in a moment more one of his paroxysms came on, and he began to rave.—He thought Henry was his father, and he cursed him, and cursed the habit that had been fastened upon him under that father's influence. But Henry could not stop to listen: With an aching heart he turned away and left the hospital. He could not go home to dinner then; he walked down town and got dinner there. At night he went to the hospital again. He would inquire after his friend, if he did not see him.

"Poor fellow," said the physician, "he never came out of that fit; he died in half an hour after you went out."

It was dark when Seaburn reached home.

"You didn't tell Bridget where to put those demijohns, Henry," said his wife. She had not noticed his face for the gas was burning dimly.

"Ah, I forgot. Come down with me, Cora, and we'll find a place for them."

His wife followed him down into the basement, and one by one he took the demijohns and carried them into the rear yard, and there he emptied their contents into the sewer. Then he broke the vessels in pieces with his foot, and bade Bridget have the dirt men take the fragments away in the morning.—Not one word had he spoken to his wife all the while, nor did she speak to him. He returned to the sitting-room, where his boys were at their books, and took a seat upon one of their tete-a-tetes. He called wife and children about him, and then told the story of Alexander Lomborg.

"And now, my loved ones," he added, laying his hands upon the heads of his boys, "I have made a solemn vow, that, henceforth, my children shall find no such influence at their homes: They shall never have occasion to curse their father. I will touch the wine-cup no more forever. What say you my boys, will you join me in the sacred pledge?"

They joined him with a glad, gushing willingness, for their hearts were full, and their sympathies all tuned, by a mother's careful love, to right.

"And you, Cora?"

"Yes, yes," she cried. "And may the holy lessons of this hour never be forgotten.—Oh, God, let it rest an angel of mercy upon my boys. Let it be a light to their feet in the time of temptation. And so shall they bless through life, the influence they carry with them from their home."

One Mr. Dunham, nine miles east of Cleveland, pays taxes on two thousand two hundred and thirty-six dollars, received last season for grapes sold at 15¢ per pound, raised on one and a half acres of land.

After cream has been churned till it is broken the addition of butter some months old, equal to the amount, you think the cream will produce, the Canada Farmer says, will considerably increase the amount in addition to what is added.

SUGAR FROM CORN.—By a process discovered by a German chemist, about three gallons of molasses have been made in Illinois from a bushel of corn. yd 18

To Stop Mice & Holes.—Stop holes with plugs of hard soap and you will do it effectually. Rats roaches and ants will not disregard it. yd 18

The Richmond, Va., of Saturday last, announces that Robert E. Lee has consented to accept the Presidency of Washington College, which, next to William and Mary, is the oldest institution of learning in Virginia, and the alma mater of many of the most prominent citizens of the State. yd 18

A military commission at



# UNION STATE PLATFORM.

Resolved, That for the suppression of the greatest anarchy ever waged in the world against liberty, principle, the rights of mankind and the integrity of the republic, and for the great boon of peace and prosperity which we now enjoy, our profoundest gratitude is due to Almighty God, and under Him to the wisdom, perseverance, courage and devotion of the loyal people of the United States.

Resolved, That while we recognize the decision of the armed forces of the rebellion, we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that the loyal feelings and patriotic principles which culminated in the glorious stillness of the South to a great extent, and that it is now the duty of all loyal men to unite in demanding such wise and prudent measures of statecraft as shall complete the glorious work of our armies, and such precautions as may be necessary to the future safety and the lasting and perpetual peace of the nation.

Resolved, That having at all times denounced the dark spirit of human slavery, and having throughout the late war lent our hearty and cordial support to every measure looking to its suppression, we now hail its extinction with "unfeigned satisfaction," and with the conviction that we have been instrumental in cleansing the nation of this foul blot; and we furthermore pledge ourselves never to permit it to be revived in any portion of the national domain, under any new name, or under any cunning pretense; determined that not only slavery shall perish, but that all its forms, appliances and theories shall perish with it.

Resolved, That inasmuch as the existing remnant of the so-called Democratic party is aspiring to thrust its corrupt and dishonest influence into the government of the people in the question arising out of the close of the war; and inasmuch as it is just and right that that party should be held fast to the responsibility of its past record, we therefore charge upon it,

1. That by a course of servility, extending through thirty years, it acquiesced in the Southern people to govern, inspired them with contempt for the North, and prepared them for that day when failing any longer to constitutionally govern the nation, they should set up the banner of revolt.
2. That through their leaders they encouraged the outbreak of the rebellion; assuring the insurgents that for every regiment sent by the North against the South, one should be sent to fight in its behalf, and that the streets of northern cities should be paved with blood before the South should be subjugated.
3. That by a denial of the right of the General Government to exercise a State into obedience—a denial resting upon the authority of the last of the Democratic Presidents—they palsied the arm of the Government in the early days of the struggle, and gave time for the treasonable conspiracy to organize and arm itself.
4. That at every stage of the great contest their sympathy was upon the side of the rebellion; and that to this end they organized secret societies for treasonable purposes; opposed every decisive measure of the general government; resisted, directly or indirectly, the enforcement of the draft; incited riots in the great cities; filled the people with gloom and despondency; and finally, in the critical moment of the struggle, declared that the war was a failure, that the nation was unable to suppress the rebellion, and clamored for measures, which, if carried out, could only have resulted in the division and destruction of the nation.
5. That it is now the intention of the Democratic party, by working on the prejudices of race, and with a view to their own re-establishment in power, to preserve the cause of the rebellion by retaining the black men of the South in a condition of penury and servitude, as an ignorant and oppressed class, cut off from all hope of future improvement, a source of constant danger to the white population of the South, and a reproach on the humanity and civilization of the entire Nation.

Resolved, That the spirit of our institutions requires that the measure of a man's political rights shall be neither his religion, his birth-place, his race, his color, nor any merely physical characteristics; and that it would be subversive of both the form and spirit of our institutions, to permit any portion of our population to remain a degraded and subject caste, taxed to support, and compelled to obey, a government in which they have no voice, and whose whole machinery may be directed to their destruction.

Resolved, That in the cruel murder of the late Executive of the United States, Abraham Lincoln, we recognize the natural result of the pernicious principles of the rebellion, which failing to destroy the life of the nation, struck down its ablest, most trusted and best loved representative; and we pledge ourselves to gather from his martyrdom new devotion to the great principles we so well maintained, and in defense of which we perished.

Resolved, That we tender to the officers and soldiers, who have so gallantly sustained the credit of our State and the Nation in the late war, our heartfelt and profound thanks; their services and sufferings will ever be borne in remembrance by a grateful people, while the names of the gallant dead will be cherished as the proudest legacy which can be left to inspire and direct posterity.

Resolved, That the existence of an imperial government, sustained by foreign bayonets, upon the soil of our sister republic of Mexico, is a violation of the established policy of our nation, and a constant threat against its institutions and integrity; and we demand that our government shall take such steps as will lead to the prompt withdrawal of the invaders.

Resolved, That the present financial condition of the country demands that the strictest economy should be practiced in the administration of both the State and the National governments, and we ask that so soon as the re-established credit of the nation will permit, that the indebtedness of the United States shall be made to bear a less rate of interest than at present, and that all inequalities in the burdens of taxation shall be removed.

Resolved, That the administration of the general government during the past four years, in the hands of the late lamented President, Abraham Lincoln, and in the hands of the present Executive, Andrew Johnson, in all their efforts to preserve the Union and the liberties of the country, meets with our hearty approval and concurrence.

Resolved, That in behalf of the people of Minnesota, we thank the present Executive of the State, his Excellency, Stephen Miller, and the officers associated with him in the State government, for the able, faithful and efficient manner in which they have discharged the duties of their respective offices.

Resolved, That in the event of a failure of proper national action, we are in favor of such State legislation as shall abundantly relieve the necessities of the disabled soldiers of this State, and the orphaned of those who have perished in the course of the war.

Resolved, That our Senators and Representatives in Congress be requested to use their influence to secure an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, whereby the basis of representation be established upon the aggregate number of legal voters, instead of upon the number of population.

—An army officer, who has arrived at Washington direct from Georgia, reports that while recently traveling from Atlanta to Savannah he saw in all directions teams loaded with cotton on their way to points whence the staple could be transported to a market either by rail or water. There were large quantities at Augusta, and the article was being conveyed thence by boat to Savannah, for shipment North. He states that the people of the country, especially those who have severely suffered by the war, express an apparently sincere desire to conform to the changed condition of affairs and sustain the General Government; while in towns which have sustained comparatively little damage by the war a spirit of dissatisfaction exists, principally confined to the young men, who assume to belong to a boasted better class of society, but a few of whom have served in the Rebel army.

—At a soldiers' reception at Maquoketa, Iowa, on the 31st ult., a catastrophe occurred similar to that during the Grant reception at St. Paul. A balcony loaded with women and children fell, and six or seven persons were severely injured, but not fatally. One young lady, Miss Mary Martin, standing beneath, on the pavement, was struck by a large plank on the head, causing the blood to ooze from her ears and the wound at a frightful rate.

# The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1865.

# UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

# State Ticket.

For Governor,  
Gen. WM. R. MARSHALL, of Ramsey.  
For Lieut. Governor,  
THOS. H. ARMSTRONG, of Olmsted.  
For Secretary of State,  
Lieut.-Col. H. C. ROGERS, of Mower.  
For Treasurer,  
CHARLES SCHEFFER, of Washington.  
For Attorney-General,  
Col. WM. COLVILLE, of Goodhue.

# County Ticket.

For Representative,  
J. B. CROOKER.  
For County Treasurer,  
B. F. MELVIN.  
For Clerk of the Court,  
A. M. KINYON.  
For Sheriff,  
WILLARD WHEATON.

# OUR STATE PLATFORM.

We publish this week the Platform as adopted by the Union Republican State Convention, which assembled at St. Paul on the 6th inst., to put in nomination suitable candidates for State Officers, to be supported at our next election.

We solicit a careful perusal of the principles adopted by the Convention in the form of a Platform. It breathes a spirit of kindness and justice to all, and the five charges on the so-called Democratic party are true to the letter, and can but be endorsed by every candid American citizen. It is but justice to show to the world where that party, for the last quarter of a century, has stood, and the general feeling of disloyalty manifested by them during the late rebellion.

The Platform advocates the principle of impartial freedom, and extending the right of franchise to all American citizens, which is the only true policy for free men to advocate. When this nation assumes the power to exclude any one class of her citizens from the right of suffrage, she inflicts a wound on our body politic which will, sooner or later, destroy the life of the nation. If this power be granted, where shall we stop? not until we have converted this into a monarchical government, and all are excluded but the favored few or the aristocracy of the land. This course has seemed to be the settled policy of the Democratic party for many years past. They appear to us under the garb of friendship, but at heart are enemies to a republic form of government, and would exclude, if in their power, all persons holding different political opinions from them, of exercising the elective franchise.

The Platform is such that all lovers of universal liberty may stand upon it and zealously labor for the perpetuity of the principles therein contained. The last plank in the Platform is as a key-stone to the arch, which supports the whole structure, and strikes a death blow to the evil which we have allowed ever since we have been a nation. Give us representation according to the number of voters in each State and district, and it will prove the great moral and political fulcrum to exalt us above the nations of the earth, and establish our government on a more permanent basis.

Now that all the nominees of that Convention have taken their stand on this Platform, we are ready to defend them to the extent of our ability, and give them our warm and cordial support.

# THE GREAT VIOLENT MASS CONVENTION.

After many days of anxiety "log-rolling," and wire-pulling, previous to the time appointed for holding a County Mass Convention in Owatonna, by those who bolted the delegated Convention held a few weeks before because the Convention did not feel disposed to put them in nomination, came off last Saturday afternoon, at Morford's Hall.

Some time was occupied in ventilating the Hall, which was found necessary in consequence of bad breath, and the perfumes arising from the compounding of the heterogeneous masses composing the Convention, after which the vast assembly was called to order by —, and Mr. TOWNSEND, of Owatonna, a "carpet-bag resident," as the *Gazette* styles all new-comers, was called to preside over the meeting, and JEFF. GREEN elected Secretary.

After a few minutes of profound solemnity, J. W. MORFORD rose in the Convention and moved the nomination of Rev. A. TOWNS for Representative. The motion was then put by the Chair, and carried unanimously—SIX persons (some say eight) voted, viz: A. B. CORRELL, A. CHAMBERS, G. B. HALL, J. W. MORFORD and two others, whose names we did not learn.

On looking around it was ascertained

that there were twenty-five persons present, and that the balance of the crowd, who did not vote, were Republicans and spectators. It was considered by those present that A. B. CORRELL and A. CHAMBERS were the leading spirits in the Convention (?).

The most beautiful thing elicited in this People's Convention was, that not a single town in the county was represented, except Owatonna, and six persons from her only.

Rev. TOWNS rose, after being declared nominated, and spoke a few moments, thanking the Convention for the honor they had bestowed upon him, and that, as the nomination was the spontaneous expression of the people, he should take great pleasure in being their standard-bearer through the present campaign.

They then endorsed the other nominations made by the County Convention some weeks previous, and the Convention adjourned sine die.

Thus ended the greatest fizzle that ever occurred in Steele County.

# For the Owatonna Plaindealer.

# DECIDUOUS TEETH.

"An ounce of preventive is worth a pound of cure." This saying has passed into a proverb, so universally it is accepted as truth; and in nothing is it more applicable than to the preservation of the teeth. Hundreds of teeth pass from their natural and rightful location into the collection accumulated in the dentist's laboratory, and hundreds of dollars from patients' pockets into that of the dentist, all of which, with a little knowledge, forethought and care might have remained in their original places.

There is no reason why every one may not have a regular, even set of teeth. With proper care taken of the deciduous or milk teeth, and through the second dentition, almost, if not every one, might have a better set of teeth than we see now in one of an hundred individuals. I care not how had the hereditary tendency to decayed teeth may be, the child may have, with care on the part of the parent and obedience on the part of the child, a good, even, substantial set of teeth, that will last him, if used as they should be, till middle life, if not till old age.

The idea that the first teeth are not to last long, and need no care, has ruined thousands of sets of permanent ones. The relation that they bear the permanent is almost as intimate as cause to effect.

Let us, for a moment, stop to consider how the second set of teeth are formed: They certainly do not germinate and develop without nourishment. The embryo doubtless exists from earliest infancy, but it cannot grow in a full grown tooth without nutriment. Now how do these little rudimental teeth receive their nourishment? By the nerves and blood-vessels of the gums. If the teeth are diseased the gums must, to a greater or less extent, sympathize with that diseased condition of the teeth. Aliment conveyed through a diseased channel cannot make as good muscle, flesh, or bone as if it were healthy.

It is, then, highly important that the deciduous teeth be closely watched and cared for. Do not think to avoid this difficulty by having them removed as soon as decayed, as is too often done. It is a fact that more permanent teeth are crowded, and unsymmetrical caused by taking the first teeth out too soon, than by leaving them too long, as is generally supposed. As before said, the nerves and blood-vessels of the gums carry sustenance to the growing tooth; now if the tooth already furnished be removed, the gums settle away, and these little reservoirs of nourishment shrink in size, and the coming tooth fails to receive its proper amount of food. Neer, except in extreme cases, remove the deciduous teeth till they are loose, or the second tooth shows unmistakable signs that it must have the place already occupied. Then, and not till then, have the first tooth removed. If the first tooth is decayed, sensitive and aching, take your child to some good dentist, any one of whom would cheerfully (free of charge) do something if possible, and in almost every case it would be possible) to relieve the little sufferer, and let the tooth remain.

Nor are these the only considerations—Others we will speak of in some future article.

# OBITUARY.

On Saturday the 16th inst., Mass was said, according to the Ritual of the "Church of the New Dispensation, in this place, over the demise of Rev. ANOPIUS TOWN.

It seems that the deceased had, for some time, been troubled with a disease known, as "St. Anthony's" but "St. Paul dance," to such an extent that, through the public prints, the unhappy man had advertised for a cure.

The interested and interesting friends of the victim advised the trial of a certain antidote called, "Running on an Independent Ticket." This promised relief to him, although they dared not make a trial of it themselves. The result was as might have been expected: Despite the vigorous compounds of his infidelity medical advisers, from "each county in the District," and "each town in the county," he continued to decline, and became more worn out with the violence of the "dance," until, upon the day mentioned, his few faithful friends and medical advisers, together with the "Mass Priest" of the occasion, listened sorrowfully no doubt, to his expiring sigh, and witnessed the last of the "dance."

The scene is described as affecting in the extreme. An immense concourse were assembled—twenty-three all told—six mourners

sighed their sighs, and dropped their tears at this untimely end.

This Mass was a little different from most plous gatherings; for the defendant was manifested by the mourners casting votes, "remembering his virtues and chastening his vices."

Among those collected about the remains, were the newly wedded pair, sighing in tender conjunction, that the bliss of so harmonious a union is thus rudely, thus sadly disturbed by the demise of their friend, the "dancer." The loving couple saw in the future, by this unhappy stroke, discontent, sorrow, where they had anticipated much of joy. But we will not trespass upon the sacredness of "family grief," let us draw the curtain, standing ready to "ring the bell" for the next scene.

Alas, he, the dancer, could not be saved! the presiding "Divinity" could offer no hope; the agonizing efforts of the "fair" failed in their effect. Even the "Independent Ticket" could not save him, and to day we are called upon to note the melancholy fate.

Peace to the ashes of the departed! May mourning friends find solace, and marble workers inscribe, "He is defunct in a good cause."

# The President and Seth Kinnam.

The *Washington Chronicle* of Sept. 9th contains an account of the presentation by Seth Kinnam, "the California Hunter," to President Johnson of a unique chair, constructed from bears' bones and skins, with an apparatus attached, whereby, upon touching a spring, the head of a bear protrudes from beneath the seat, snapping and gnashing its teeth as natural as though alive. The *Chronicle* says: "Upon the arrival of the chair from its place of manufacture to this city, it was conveyed, 'under guard,' to one of the committee rooms at the Capitol, where only a privileged few, consisting of 'officials' and a small number of ladies, were permitted to gaze upon the wonderful work of industry and skill. After the lapse of several days it was carried to Brady's well known gallery and there photographed. On yesterday, through the intervention of the Hon. K. V. Whaley, member of Congress from West Virginia, the President agreed to set apart any hour after 4 o'clock p. m. for its reception. Accordingly a few minutes after this hour the chair was carefully placed in a wagon, and, accompanied by Kinnam, was conveyed to the White House.

A little before 5 the presentation party were met by the door-keeper, and the chair ordered to be brought within the first large entrance room of the mansion. Only a few were admitted, and the eager crowd which had collected on the outside were only allowed to gratify their curiosity by peering through the windows.

After a short delay a messenger came running down the stairway, and announced that His Excellency was ready and waiting. At this stage the members of the press were kindly invited to ascend, and they, together with the remainder of the party, following on the heels of Kinnam, soon found themselves on the threshold of the Presidential sanctum. The door of the room had been thrown open, and, without introduction or formal ceremony, the hardy pioneer of the wild Pacific slope, the conqueror of wild beasts and wild men, grasped by the hand the honored President of an all-powerful Republic. Kinnam was evidently no stranger to the President, who received him in a most cordial manner.

"Jeanning upon his rifle, and as calm as though he had been conversing with a prairie companion, he stated to the President that recently he had been up in Pennsylvania constructing a chair from the skins of several 'grizzlies' which he had killed with his own rifle, and which he desired to present to him. That in offering it as a token of respect both to his person and office, he desired to say that in his opinion the President of these United States was the biggest man in the world."

The President was much gratified at this emphatic compliment, and, in returning thanks, said he thought he knew how to appreciate both it and the chair. The President here insisted that "Seth" should sit in the chair, after which he sat in the chair praising highly its beauty and comfortable qualities. The "bear-killer," in the meantime, had become so much at ease in his intercourse with the President that he desecrated and chatted upon the prominent points of his gift with perfect nonchalance. This originated, however, from no want of respect to his Excellency, but rather from a buoyancy of animal spirits and a genial good nature, which has won for Kinnam a host of friends wherever he is known.

After displaying all the parts and points of his wonderful chair, calling attention to the formidable claws that clustered on its sides, the natural feet of the animals on which it rested, the old hunter paused. It was plain, however, that something startling is to be shown, and the Rocky Mountain speaker had not pronounced his peroration. Carefully unloosing the cords which concealed the huge head, he suddenly darted it, snapping and gnashing its teeth, close to the President's knees, which was received by the crowd with uproarious laughter, and heartily enjoyed by the President himself.

"The grown children of His Excellency, several in number, now came in, and were loud in their demands to be shown again and again this wonderful feature of the chair. No one seemed to enjoy their delight and fun more than the President, whose care-worn face was lighted up with benignant smiles, and whose stern nature seemed to have relaxed and grown cheerful over the pleasing incident. The crowd of their own accord now withdrew, leaving Kinnam almost alone with

the President. At last, however, upon suggesting to his Excellency that he should keep the head of the 'grizzly' well protruded, in order to frighten off the office-seekers and unrepentant rebels who besiege his mansion, and receiving a warm invitation to visit the White House at his pleasure, the worthy old hunter withdrew, well pleased with his reception and success."

# Designs of the Rebels.

New York, September 11.—The *Times* Paris correspondent August 10, says: "For the last week the court of Grand Hope has looked much as it did in the flourishing days of the confederacy before the fall of Vicksburg. Breckinridge, Helm, and Jacob Thompson have arrived here, and these, united to Mr. Silldell, and the host of other representatives of the confederacy, are holding a council there, and debating their affairs, apparently with high hopes of the future. Hope of a war between France and the United States appears to be the basis of their satisfaction. I have heard it said that articles in London and Paris journals, trying to urge on a war about Mexico, are only part of a general scheme, among the rebels and their friends abroad, to give the confederacy another chance for life. The last ditch is to be Mexico, and the diggers thereof live in London and Paris. With Dr. Gwin on the Rio Grande, and so powerful a combination of talent here, you may be sure that if there be any chance for stirring up a war about Mexico, it will be done. Let the Government and people of the United States look well to this matter, for it is not without importance."

# NEWS ITEMS.

—Concerning the recent purchase of property in St. Louis by Gen. Sherman with funds presented to him there, it is stated that in the correspondence between Gen. Sherman and the committee, at the time of the presentation, he expressed his determination to make St. Louis his home, and the residence purchased with the fund, the permanent dwelling of his family.

—Gentlemen who left Little Rock, Arkansas, a week ago, report that profound peace reigns throughout that State. Private citizens and soldiers can travel anywhere without molestation. The guerrillas have settled down quietly and gone to work.

—A Raleigh letter of the 8th says: "The colored people will hold a State Convention on the 29th, and have invited Secretary Chase, Horace Greely, Gen. Butler, Senator Wilson, Charles Sumner, Thad. Stevens, J. M. Ashley, Secretary Harlan, Gov. Andrew, Senator Sherman and others to be present. The Convention will consider the propriety of asking for the restoration of the elective franchise which they enjoyed prior to 1836."

—Advises from South Carolina state that the election of delegates to the State constitutional assembly, passed off quietly on Tuesday. Only about a quarter of the names on the Union ticket are elected. The majority are conservatives. Wade Hampton, and several officers of the late Confederate army, have been returned by large majorities.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. [Special to World.]—A letter has been received here (to-day), from Andersonville, containing interesting particulars to friends of deceased soldiers buried there. The burial ground is being beautified and laid out, under the charge of Capt. W. A. Griffin, who has been at work there since May last.

No bodies can be removed until November, as the military authorities prevent it. After the 1st of November relatives of those interred there, can procure metallic coffins at that place for transportation to any part of the Union. Persons who do not desire or have not the means to visit that place can have the bodies sent by express upon application to T. R. Brock. They are all numbered and can be ascertained without trouble.

Dorrance Atwater, charged with the larceny of the Andersonville prisoner record, which were purchased from him by the War Department, for the sum of \$300, was tried by court martial at its headquarters at Washington, and the sentence has been submitted to the War Department, and is now awaiting the approval of the proper authorities, when it will be carried out.

U. S. District Attorney Planiz, of the Southern District, Florida, arrived in this city this morning with a favorable report of affairs.

The Orange & Alexandria Railroad Company have completed all bridges on their road and are now running cars from Washington to Richmond.

# Millinery Store.

MRS. LANGLEY still continues to occupy her rooms over the

# People's Store,

Where she keeps on hand a good assortment of

# MILLINERY GOODS,

And will do all kinds of work pertaining to the Millinery line. She is also prepared to FLUTE all material for

FLOUNCES and TRIMMINGS, DRESSES, COLLARS, MUSLINS, &c.

Also, Agent for

# Singer's Sewing Machine,

Which needs no recommendation, as every one knows it is the best. She has one for her own use, which she would be glad to show to any one wishing to become acquainted with its work.

# MACHINE NEEDLES kept for sale.

Thanking the public for past patronage she hopes that it may be continued and will try to suit all, if possible.

# THE R. R. IS COMING!

The Iron Horse is on His Way!

AND

# Frank Curtis & Co.

Have just come in ahead of the cars, and issued their

# PROCLAMATION,

Granting an Amnesty to all the citizens of Steele County, who buy their goods at

# Our Store,

And restore them to the bosom of our beloved country.

For the information of all, we announce to the people of this section that we are just receiving a

# LARGE STOCK OF

# Groceries,

Bought at

# Panic Prices,

And for cash, consequently we

# CAN AND WILL

Sell lower than

# ANY OTHER STORE OF THE KIND

IN THE COUNTRY.

Everything in our line, of the

# BEST QUALITY,

Will be kept constantly on hand, and as our terms are

# Ready Pay,

We have no bad debts for our customers to sneeze.

# Small Profits and Quick Sales,

Is our motto. Call and see for yourselves.

Store, B. Chambers' old stand, on Broadway.

Owatonna, June 8, 1865. v3n14f

# STOVES & HARDWARE!

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Steele and adjacent Counties, that they have opened a

# HARDWARE STORE

In the building formerly occupied by Dresser Bros., ON BROADWAY,

Where can be found a full assortment of all kinds of HARDWARE, STOVES, PITCHFORKS, TINWARE, SASH & WINDOW GLASS, SCYTHES & SNATHS, CUTLERY, &c. &c.,

Which we are offering for sale at the

# Lowest Possible Figures,

Our Motto being

# Quick Sales and Small Profits.

Please call and examine our goods and prices.

We have also a

# TIN-SHOP

Connected with the store, and are prepared to do

# ALL KINDS OF JOBBING

IN

# TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER,

On the shortest notice, and prices satisfactory.

THOMAS & WILSON

Owatonna, July 27, 1865. v3n14f

# NEW TAILOR SHOP.

JOHN COTTIER

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Steele County that he has opened a

# TAILOR SHOP

ON MAIN STREET,

OVER THE OLD DRUG STORE,

Where he is prepared to

# CUT AND MAKE

All kinds of

# GENTS' CLOTHING,

Agreeable to the

# LATEST STYLES,

ON THE

# SHORTEST NOTICE & WARRANTED.

All kinds of

# Cutting

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO,

AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Having had a

# Life-Time Experience

In the business, in the Eastern States, he feels confident that his experience will merit a fair amount of patronage.

Owatonna,



DEFECTIVE PAGE







# The Owatonna Plaindealer.

L. H. KELLY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME 3.

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Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna, Steele County, Minnesota.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.  
OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, east of Barker's Exchange.

TERMS:—\$2.00 per annum, invariably in advance.

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Legal notices will be inserted 12 cts. a line for the first insertion, and 37 1/2 cts. a line for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before advertisement is given.  
Advertisements not accompanied with written directions will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

## Business Directory.

A. A. HARWOOD, W. W. HIGGINS,  
Harwood & Higgins,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Bridge St.,  
Owatonna.

J. E. SEARLES, F. E. VAN HORN,  
SEARLES & VAN HORN,  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.  
Will give prompt attention to all professional business, make collections, pay claims, collect rents, back pay and bonuses, buy and sell land on commission and Notaries Public. Office on Bridge Street, 1st room over Excelsior Drug Store, Owatonna, Minnesota.

J. A. AUSTIN, A. C. HICKMAN,  
AUSTIN & HICKMAN,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS. Particular attention given to payment of taxes for non-residents. Office over Excelsior Drug Store, Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn. 2nd29

W. R. KIRBY,  
KIRBY & CO.,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Law in all the Courts of this state. Make Collections. Attend to payment of Taxes, Procure Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14th, 1865. v1n3

J. J. KELLOGG,  
KELLOGG & CO.,  
DENTIST, has opened an office over People's Clothing Store, on Bridge street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of Dentistry, with latest improvements, including vulcanite base for artificial teeth. Especial attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth. v2n16  
ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Frank Curtis & Co.,  
DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c. Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v3n2f

J. M. Williams,  
DENTIST. I have worked at Dentistry twenty-one years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed to please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n10

D. S. HARRIS,  
DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals. Patent medicines of all kinds, pure liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Joos & Bohl,  
DEALERS in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Family and Groceries. Canned Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins &c. v1n4  
Cash paid for Hides.

Hastings & Twiss,  
GOOD HORSES and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Live or Stable west of Stage Barn. v2-17

Marble Factory,  
H. CARPENTER, Dealer in Head Stones, Monuments, &c. Main St., Rochester, Min. 3-4  
Executed by none.

American Hotel,  
J. B. CORY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has fitted up the old stand of the American Hotel, and has all the conveniences for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n6f

James Lobergum,  
MANUFACTURER of Boots and Shoes, on the most improved styles. All work warranted to fit and made of the best material. Shop on Main Street, at the Feed Store. v3n1

C. C. CORNELL,  
MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Min. n12

Carpenter & Smith,  
NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloth, Cassimeres, and Vestings. Fairly on Main Street opposite the National House. -17

L. L. BENNETT, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

John Stevens,  
PHOTOGRAPHER, and Portrait Painter, on either paper or canvas, life size, and warranted perfect. Rooms head of Broadway, Rochester, Minnesota. v3n2f

C. C. HAZARD,  
PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-17

D. P. SMITH,  
PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main Street, Fairbault, Minnesota. v1n22

G. W. YEARY,  
PROPRIETOR of the "Yeary Hotel," Washington, Minn., second door south of the Post Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Yeary was the former proprietor of the old "Wesley Hotel." v2n2

L. H. KELLY,  
PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAIN-DEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the most stylish and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

## Business Directory.

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PHOTOGRAPHER. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n2f

J. B. HOOKER,  
REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 3-2

I. O. O. F.  
STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room, over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building.  
E. K. SMITH, N. G. A. C. HICKMAN Sec.  
L. Bixby, V. G. J. G. G. D. B. Marble, Treas.  
J. Newhall, D. D. G. G. M.  
Degree of Helios Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.  
TYRAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Fairbault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.  
C. N. DANIELS, H. P. P.  
Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39f

J. Hough,  
WATCH & CLOCK REPAIRER, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna, Minnesota. v1n1

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE  
CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:  
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS:  
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR.

PICNICS:  
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:  
Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter, - 8 1/2  
Sugar, - 10  
Cream, - 15

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,  
ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

THOMAS TAFT,  
Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n43

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!  
Burr & McClure  
KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:

WATCHES  
Of all kinds, both GOLD and SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS  
Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the Seth Thomas Clocks, Executed by none.

JEWELRY  
Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORANTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETTS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE,  
CASTORS, CUP BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

SPECTACLES,  
The best assortment in the country.

Musical Instruments,  
GUITARS, BANJOS, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, CLARINETTS, PICKUPERS, FLUTES, FIDLES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Cutlery.  
A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Willow Ware.  
TRAVELING MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS, CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

BIRD CAGES  
Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,  
In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the

NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.

Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch. BURR & MCCLURE. v3n2f

WINONA & ST. PETER R. R.  
ON and after SATURDAY, December 24th, 1864, PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows: Daily.

Leave Winona at 5:00 P. M., arriving at Rochester at 6:30 P. M.

Leave Rochester at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Winona at 9:30 P. M.

Stages connect at Rochester for Owatonna, Manakato, St. Peter, and all other points in Southern Minnesota, such as Cannon Falls and St. Paul.

JOHN NEWELL, Superintendent.

## To the Colored People of North Carolina.

From the New York Tribune.  
MY COUNTRYMEN: I hear that you are to hold a Convention at Raleigh on the 29th inst., to ask for the Right of Suffrage and that I am among those invited by you to be present and counsel you. Being under old and imperative engagement to be on that day in Minnesota, I cannot be with you in North Carolina; and, having no address to which I may send you a letter, I am obliged to respond thus publicly to your invitation. Let me, therefore, urge and entreat you to

I. Be hopeful. Great reforms are seldom completed in a moment. Old wrongs and abuses yield slowly to the advances of Justice and Humanity. I have for thirty years ardently wished, but, till very recently, dared not to hope, that I might live to see our a free country.

I. Now see it, and bless God for the wisdom and beneficence—so infinitely transcending all human preconception—whereby the weakness, infatuation, incapacity, disloyalty, treachery and general unworthiness of men, have been made to subserve the Divine purpose. But for Northern subservience, so enormous that they were justified in expecting to be aided by it in the field as well as in the cabinet, the slaveholders would never have revolted. But for imbecility in high places and incapacity, if not treason also, in the direction of our armies, the Rebellion would have been speedily suppressed without seriously affecting your condition—possibly, with new concessions and guarantees to Slavery. Looking back at the momentous history, the stupendous transformations, of the last five years, we must reverently say, "This is the Lord's doing, and it is marvelous in our eyes." Let us unwaveringly trust that the great work will be prosecuted to its legitimate and logical consummation.

II. Be patient. We may not win a full recognition of your rights directly; but the effort will never be abandoned until its success is assured. And we no longer resisted by a vast, tenacious, pecuniary interest—an all but omnipotent "vested right." Slavery the tree, whereof negro-hate and White prejudice of color are branches, has been cut down. There is still vitality in the roots, but the branches are bound to wither and decay. Yet this is not the work of a day; and we must "learn to labor, and need be to wait."

III. Be peaceful. Do not be seduced nor provoked to resist lawful authority with lawless violence. Better suffer wrong in silence, or be worsted in invoking the protection of the laws. You see what the slaveholders have incurred by resisting authority by force. Let nothing tempt or savor you from the ways of peace. If you are oppressed and abused, appeal to Congress, which will soon have been clothed by the pending Constitutional Amendment with power to redress your more flagrant wrongs. Whichever among you resists the law gives a signal advantage to your enemies. Better suffer and trust.

IV. Be diligent. I am not exhorting you to steadfast industry. You have had enough of that. Not being fools, you know that you have to work hard for all you get, and probably for something more. There cannot be a hundred of you who do not know that you are to work out your own pecuniary salvation or miserably perish. But you must be equally diligent in educating yourselves and your children; and must not grudge working an extra hour per day, if needed, to provide yourselves with books and teachers. It is indispensable that you all, or nearly all, acquire the rudiments of a substantial education at the earliest moment, and that you each keep on acquiring useful knowledge at every opportunity to the last day of your lives. Your alleged ignorance is now one of the chief pretexts for denying you the Right of Suffrage.

V. Respect yourselves. Refuse to minister to others' vicious appetites, no matter what the temptation. Stand quietly and respectfully aloof from all Whites who see fit to regard you as inferiors merely because of your color. Keep away, or get away, from all cities, unless you are sure of making money rapidly and virtuously therein. Hold no volun-

tary relations to negro-haters, and bestow no patronage on them though this compel you to go without comforts you might otherwise enjoy. Trade with and patronize your friends, but above all, each other. Encourage your brethren who embark in trade or in any branch of mechanical or other useful industry, though at some personal inconvenience; keep out of debt; work, if possible, for men whom you esteem and trust; and each of you become land-holders so soon as you can without running in debt. Few know how much land there is in an acre; and North Carolinians understand this less than most others. If you each had a cabin and four acres of land, you need nevermore, after next harvest, look for work; while those who want help would come looking for you and offering you fair, living wages. Finally

VI. Stay where you belong. It may by-and-by be well to migrate, but not now. North Carolina is a noble State, with her resources mainly undeveloped. Her climate is admirable; her soil better than is supposed; her inland navigation, water-power, timber, minerals, &c., &c., and sources of unsuspected wealth. Work for the best wages offered by good men, till you can save the means of employing yourself; strive to win the respect and esteem of the better Whites and keep clear of the worse; and be sure that, whenever you shall, by your thrift, have made yourselves independent and desirable customers of merchants and others, your righteous demand of enfranchisement can, if not already granted, be no longer successfully resisted. Your friend

HORACE GREELEY.

New-York, Sept. 12, 1865.

FEMALE EMIGRATION.

The authorities of Washington Territory and the Governor of Massachusetts have been negotiating to supply the Pacific coast with female emigrants, that sex being very scarce in that region. The Governor has got together three hundred females whom he intends to send in a steamer provided by the Government at Washington. The steamer will sail from New York on the 20th of August. The emigrants are promised when they get to Washington Territory good wages, to be paid in gold, and have the added inducement of probable marriage within three months, if they wish. The Secretary of the Navy expressed a fear that they would all be married before they got there. That depends upon their good looks.

SOUTHERN ESTIMATION OF COPPERHEADS.—The Albany Evening Journal reports the son of a distinguished Southern statesman, now visiting at the North, as saying:—

"We are loyal—the great mass of us—far more loyal than some of our own people. You can far better afford to trust us than you can your miserable copperheads. They are the vilest offspring of the earth. Had it not been for them we should not have rushed into war. And yet they have the impudence to come to us, claiming to be our friends, advising us to be stiff-necked, and asking us to strike hands with them and form a new alliance. The vipers! They have cheated us once; they will never cheat us again. We had rather trust the vilest abolitionist that ever howled and hounded us down, the best of them."

THE OLD LADY AHEAD.—A late well-known member of the Scottish bar, when a youth, was somewhat of a dandy, and somewhat short and sharp in his temper. He was going to pay a visit in the country, and was making a great fuss about preparing and putting up his habilliments. His old aunt was much annoyed at all his bustle, and stopped him by the somewhat contemptuous question: "What's this you're gaud, Robbie, that ye make sic a grand work about your claes?" The young man lost his temper, and pettishly replied, "I am going to the devil."

"Deed, Robbie, then," was the quick answer, "ye need nae be so nice, he'll jist take ye as ye are."

IMPROMPTU.—An old gentleman named Gould having married a young lady of nineteen, thus addressed his friend, Dr. G., at the wedding festival:

"So you see, my dear sir, though eighty years old, a girl of nineteen falls in love with old Gould!"

To which the doctor replied:

"A girl of nineteen may love Gould, it is true, but believe me, dear sir, it is Gold without U."

## FATE OF FAST MEN.

The vicious die early. They fall like shadows or tumble wrecks and ruins into the grave—often while quite young, almost always before forty. "The wicked liveth not half his days." The world at once ratifies the truth and assigns the reason, by describing the dissolute life of "fast men;" that, they live fast; they spend their twelve hours in six, getting through the whole before the meridian, and dropping into the darkness while others are in the glory of light. "Their sun goeth down while it is day." And they might have helped it. Many a one dies before he need. Young men of genius, like Burns and Byron, to whom, when dissipated and profligate, thirty-seven is so fatal, and your obscure and wandering stars, who waste their time in libertine indulgence—they cannot live, they must die early. They put on steam till they blow up the boiler. They run at such a rate that the fire goes out for want of fuel. The machinery is destroyed by rapid speed and reckless wear. Nothing can save them. Their physical system cannot stand the strain they put to it; while the state of their minds is often such that the soul would eat the substance of the most robust body and make for itself a way of escape from the incessant hell of its own thoughts.

TIGHT SQUEEZE.—A young man recently having succeeded, after much persuasion, in getting a kiss from a girl, went and told of it. One of her acquaintances met her, and said,

"So, Mary, John says that you let him kiss you."

"I did let him, after he had teased me an hour; but it was a tight squeeze even then."

"So, ho!" exclaimed the other, "he did not mention that. He only spoke of the kiss, but did not say anything about the squeeze."

FIRST LOVE.—David Crockett, when quite a youth, fell in love with a beautiful Quaker girl, and he thus forcibly, graphically, and poetically describes the effect, on an ardent an susceptible mind, produced by first love:

"I found myself over head and ears in love with this girl, and I thought that if all the hills were pure chink, and all belonged to me, I would give them if I could just talk to her as I wanted to; but I was afraid to begin; for when I would think of saying anything to her, my heart would begin to flutter like a duck in a puddle; and if I tried to outdo it, and speak, it would get right smack up my throat and choke me like a cold potato."

"Christianity may be said to suffer between two thieves," one of which is its open enemies; the other, its professed friends, who would conform it to the world.

The wounded heart still smiles, if religion lights it—just as the ruin that the sun glides; decay may be there, but the gloom is dispelled.

That religion which does not govern the tongue and make men beneficent and holy, is not the religion of Christ.

It is a great matter when the mind dwells on any passage of Scripture just to think how true it is.—Chalmers.

The world promises comforts and pays sorrows.

The humble heart is God's second heaven.

Every flower that blows is a smile of God.

There are eight regular female physicians in Philadelphia—all of whom are in good practice—and one of them is so overwhelmed with business that she keeps three horses in constant use.

A singular marriage has been celebrated at Yvetot, in Normandy. The united ages of the parties are one hundred and thirty-four years. It is described as a marriage of inclination—doubtless of inclination toward the tomb.

PRETTY.—The attention of a little girl having been called to a rosebush, on whose topmost stem the oldest rose was fading, whilst below and around it: three beautiful crimson buds were just unfolding their charms, she at once and artlessly exclaimed to her brother—"See, Willie, these little buds have just awakened in time to kiss their mother before she dies."

## Domestic Miscellany.

MAKE FARM LIFE ATTRACTIVE.—1. By less hard work. Farmers often undertake more than they can do well, and consequently work too early and too late.

2. By more system. The farmers should have a time to begin and stop labor. They should put more mind and machinery into their work. They should theorize as well as practice, and let both go together. Farming is healthy, moral and respectable; and, in the long run, may be made profitable. The farmer should keep good stock and out of debt. The farm is the best place to begin and end life, and hence so many in the cities and professional life covet a rural home.

3. By taking care of health. Farmers have healthy variety of exercise, but too often neglect cleanliness, omit bathing, eat irregularly and hurriedly, sleep in ill-ventilated apartments, and expose themselves to cold. Nine-tenths of the human diseases arise from cold or intemperance. Frequent bathing is profitable, so is fresh air, deliberation at the dinner table, and rest after a meal.

4. By adorning the home. Nothing is lost by a pleasant home. Books, papers, pictures, music and reading should all be brought to bear upon the indoor family entertainments; and neatness and comfort, order, shrubbery, flowers and fruits should harmonize all without. Home should be a sanctuary, so happy and holy that children will love it, women delight in it, manhood crave it, and old age enjoy it. There would be less desertions of old homesteads if pains were taken to make them agreeable. Ease, order, health and beauty are compatible with farm life, and were ordained to go with it.—Auburn Journal.

HINTS ON HARVESTING BUCKWHEAT.—The excellence of buckwheat flour depends chiefly on the management of the grain between the time of ripening and grinding. The common way of treating buckwheat effectually prevents making good flour, it being allowed to remain in the swath for several weeks, when it should never be suffered to lie longer than a day or two, and it is decidedly better for the grain to be taken and set on end, as fast as it is cradled. Much less grain will be wasted by shelling out, the straw will cure and dry out sooner, and make better fodder; the crop will be ready for threshing and housing in less time; and the grain will yield a much better quality of flour. It is especially injurious to the grain to be exposed to storms before it is set up, for dirt is scattered all over the grain, by the falling of large rain drops. Wetting and drying the grain several times, destroys the "life" of the flour. It will never be so white, nor makes so good cakes, but will be sticky and the cakes clammy, like the flour of sprouted wheat.—American Agriculturist.

RETURNS to the Agricultural Department for August, from all parts of the country, though not entirely complete, show that the corn crop will be enormously large and is maturing in excellent order. Its excess over past years more than compensates for deficiencies in wheat. The potato crop is unusually large and promises well. In some localities the rot has appeared. Buckwheat, though a minor crop, and onions, promises an unprecedented yield. The cereal exportations will probably be larger than ever before.

PETROLEUM AS FUEL.—The Petroleum Light Company has completed its series of experiments, and have now obtained practical results, satisfactory to the Company, that crude petroleum can with safety and economy be burnt as fuel, on a large scale, under locomotive, stationary and marine boilers, producing a heat of great intensity free from smoke, soot, ash, &c. After a few private exhibitions to parties interested, we understand that it is proposed by the Company to make practical demonstrations, which will show the public value of petroleum, as a fuel, in every department where coal or wood is now used.

The modest virgin, the prudent wife, or the careful matron is much more serviceable in life than petticoated philosophers, blustering harpists, or vineyard quakers. She who makes her husband and children happy, who reclines the one from vice and trains up the other to virtue, is a much greater character than ladies described in romance, whose whole occupation is to murder mankind with shafts from their quiver, or their eyes.







ners will find this a safe and reliable Compa-  
 nure in. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.  
 . F. FOOTE, Sec. 2-31-07

**SCHOOL STREET, NEAR THE STAGE  
 BARN.**  
 Owatonna, June 29, 1865. v8n10(f)



# SALE OF SCHOOL LANDS.

In pursuance of law, L. Charles McRath, Commissioner of the State Land Office of the State of Minnesota, do hereby declare and make known that a public sale of School Lands will be held in the undivided county at the time and place herein-after designated, to wit:

**STEELE COUNTY.**  
AT OWATONNA, THURSDAY, NOV. 2, 1885.  
The following described tracts or parcels of land, viz:  
OAK GLEN—TOWN 105, RANGE 10.

Parts of Sec.	Sec.	Acres	Value of Impt.
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00
SW 10	10	36.00	5.00

AURORA—TOWN 105, RANGE 10.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

MERTON—TOWN 105, RANGE 10.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

SUMMIT—TOWN 105, RANGE 20.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

SOMERSET—TOWN 105, RANGE 20.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

OWATONNA—TOWN 107, RANGE 20.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

CLINTON FALLS—TOWN 105, RANGE 20.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

BERLIN—TOWN 105, RANGE 21.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

LEMOND—TOWN 105, RANGE 21.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

DEERFIELD—TOWN 105, RANGE 21.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

MEDFORD—TOWN 105, RANGE 20.  
SW 10 36.00 5.00  
SW 10 36.00 5.00

LOT 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 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